

High-precision mass measurements at ISOLTRAP for nucleosynthesis studies

r process

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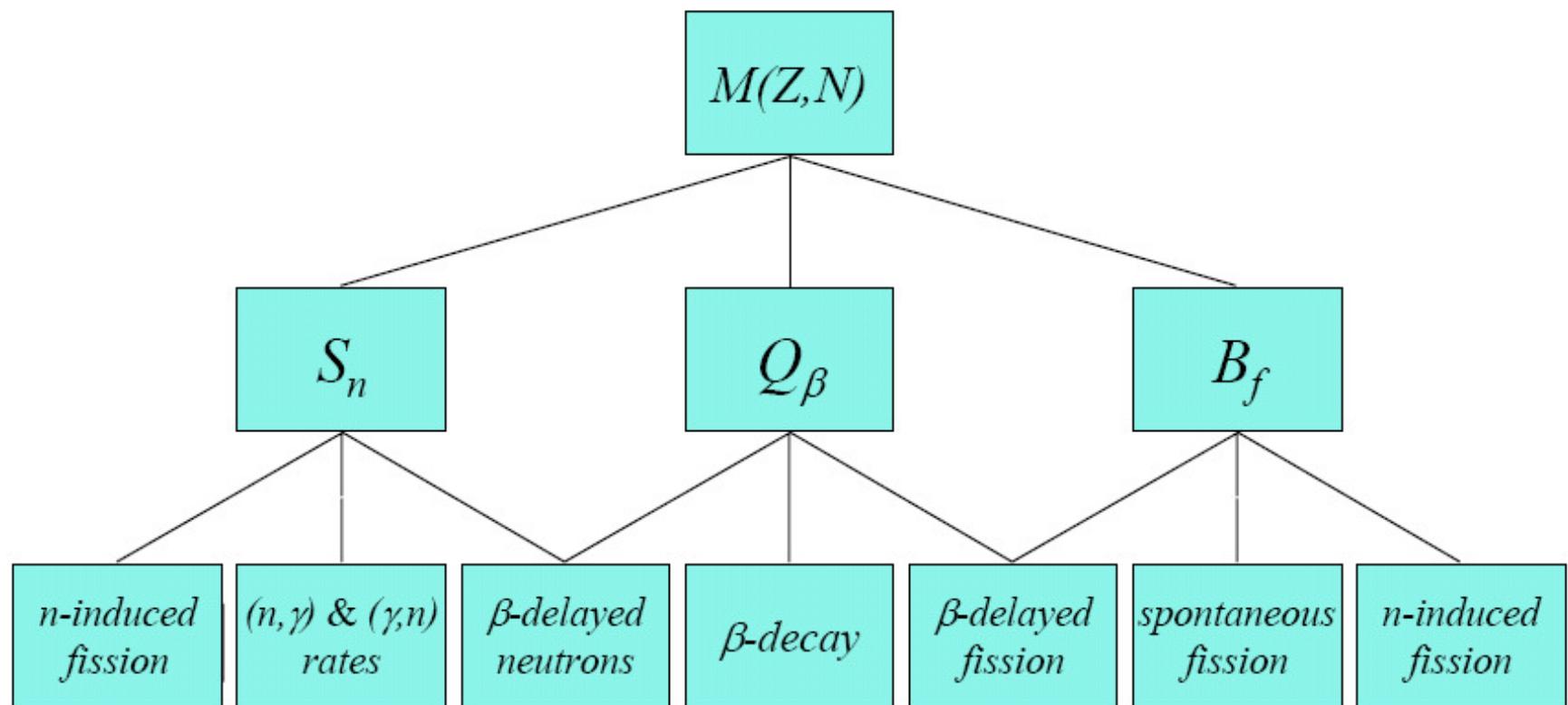
**Masses and r process
ISOLDE and Isoltrap
Recent results
Summary and outlook**

On behalf of the Isoltrap collaboration



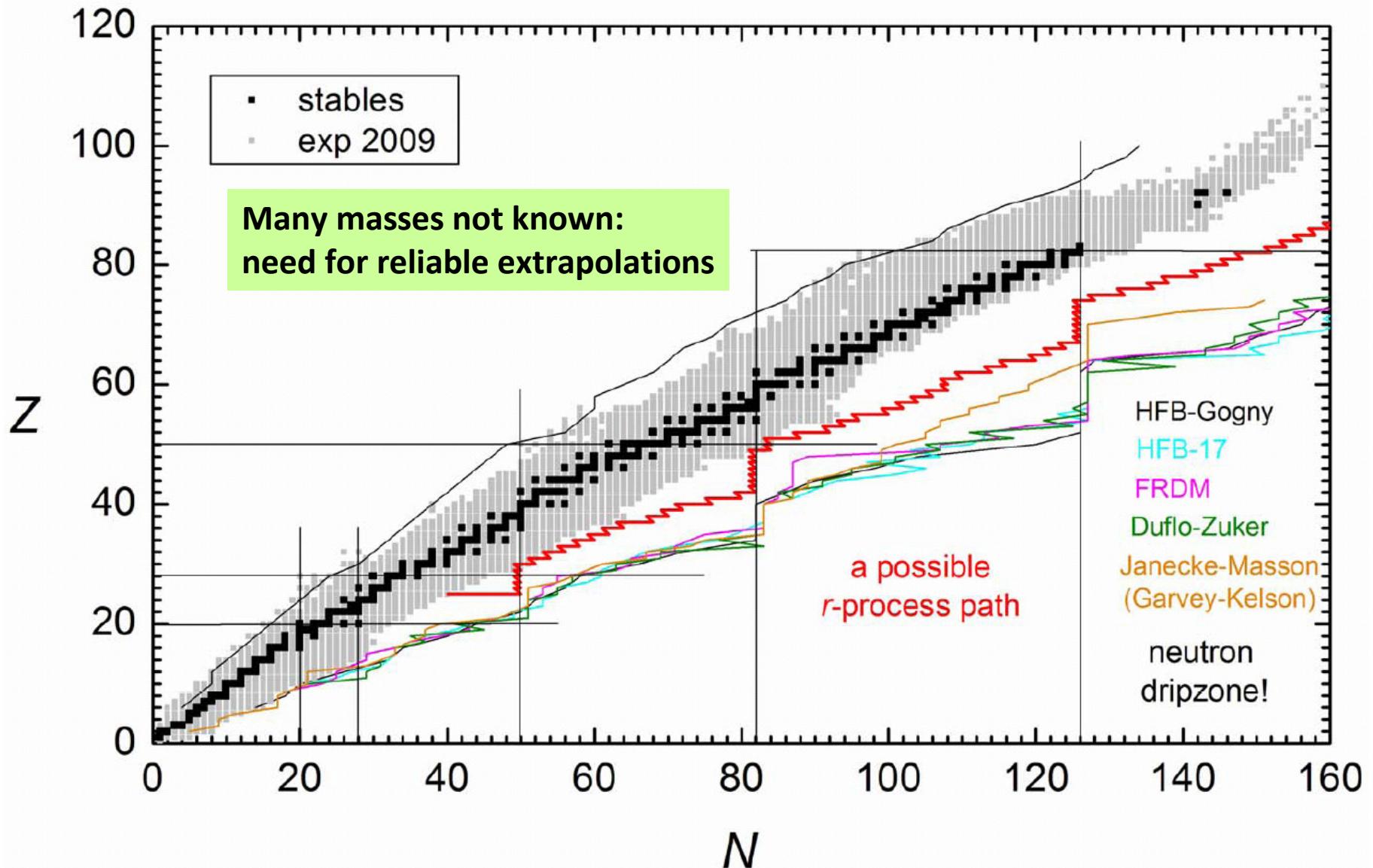
Atomic masses and r process

courtesy: D. Lunney



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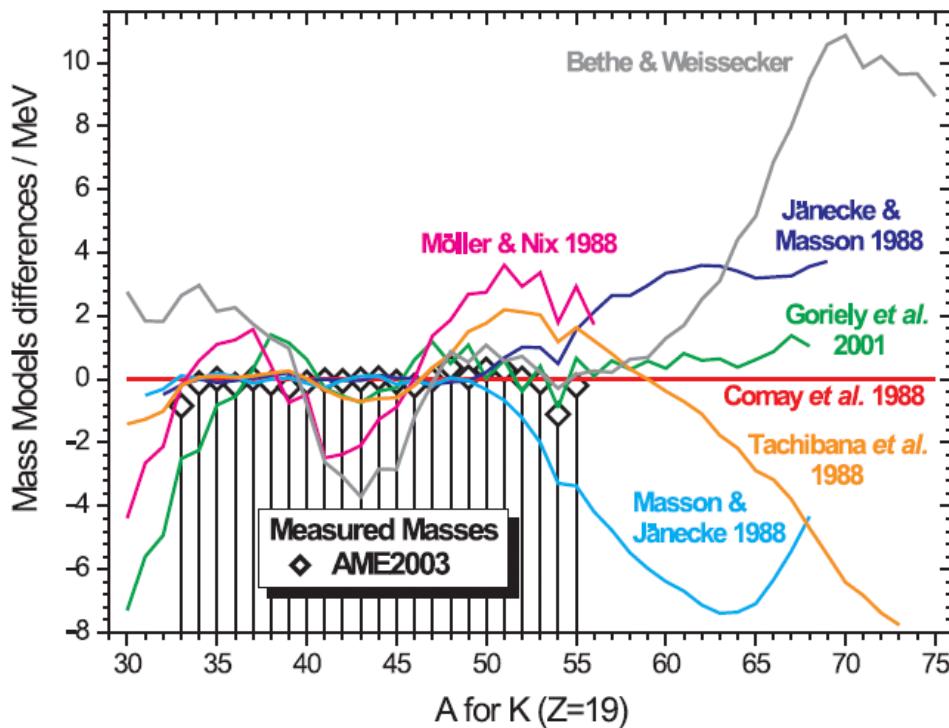


Mass extrapolations

R-process abundances with FRDM and ETFSI mass models for different initial neutron-to-seed ratios

I. Petermann et al, J. Phys: Conf. Series 202, 012008 (2010)

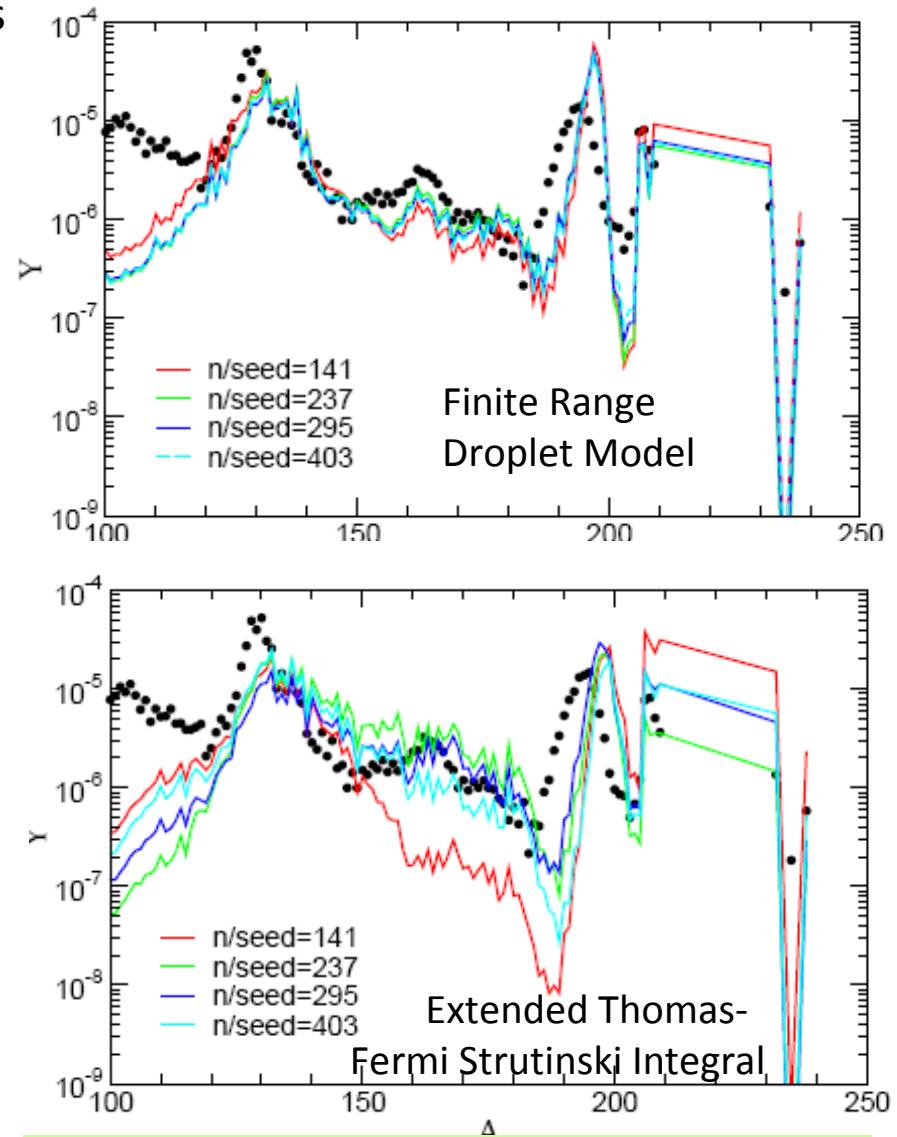
Model predictions for K masses



Courtesy of D. Lunney

Large discrepancies for unmeasured masses

It is important to measure masses



Different predictions for different models

ISOLDE facility

30-60keV singly-ionised beam

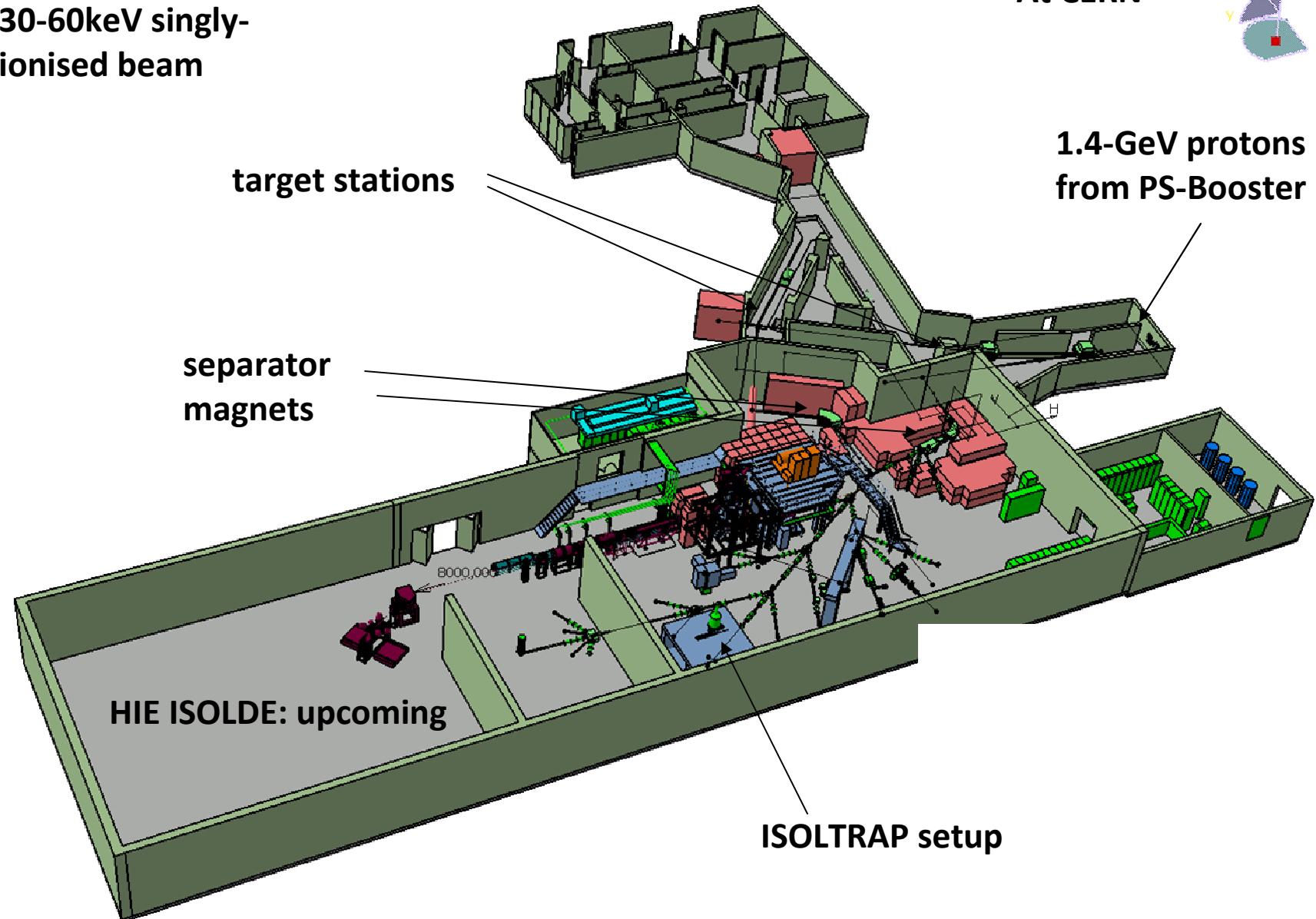
At CERN



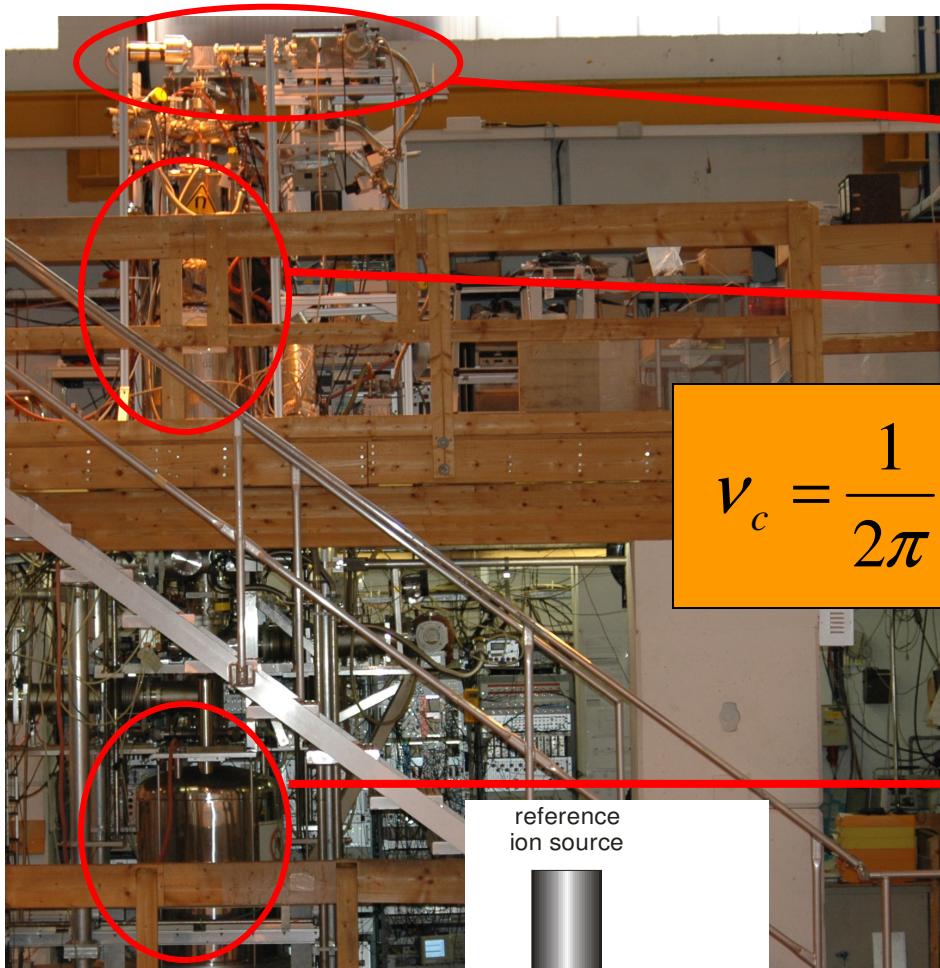
target stations

separator magnets

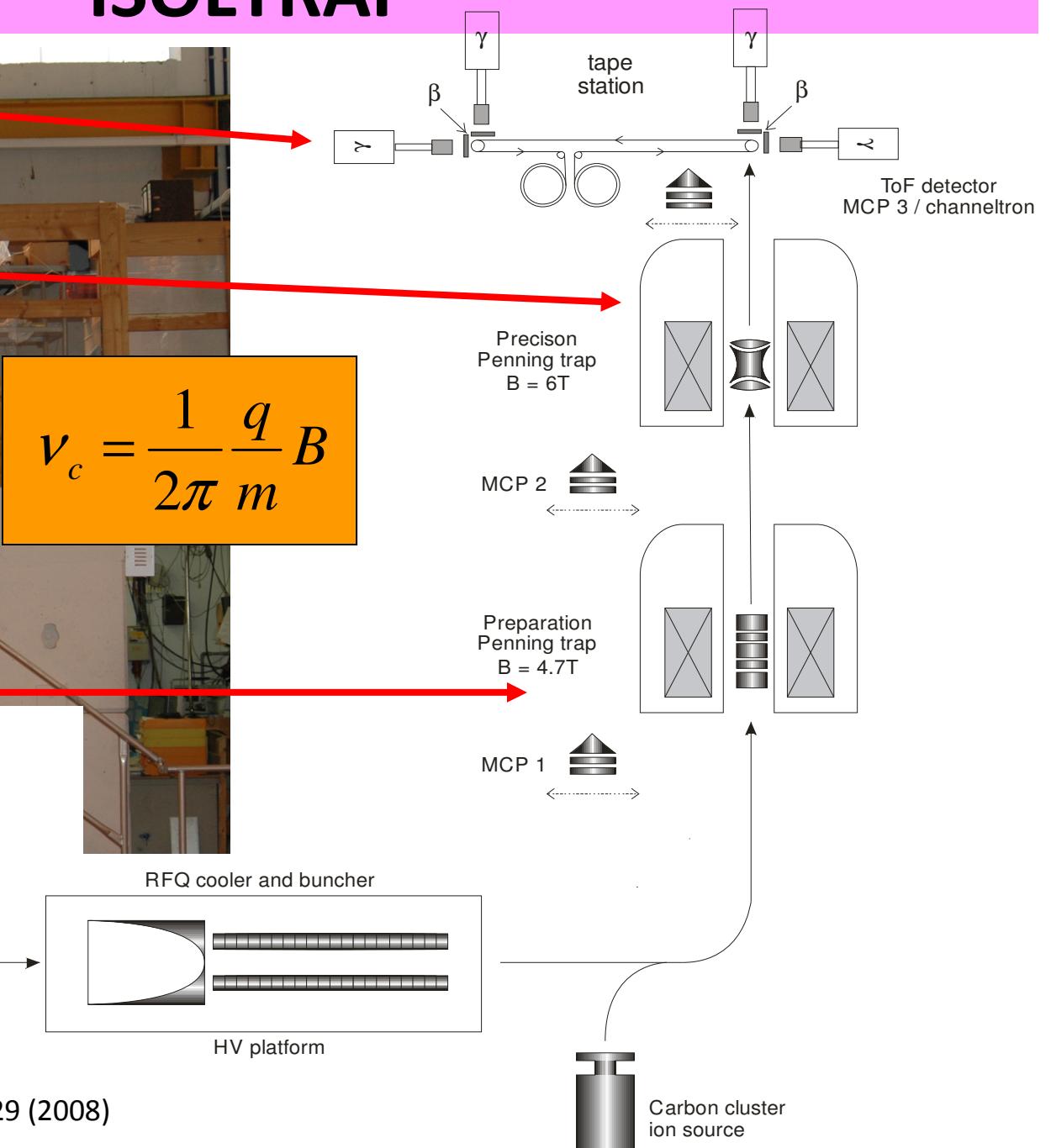
1.4-GeV protons from PS-Booster



ISOLTRAP



$$\nu_c = \frac{1}{2\pi} \frac{q}{m} B$$



Penning trap mass spectrometer

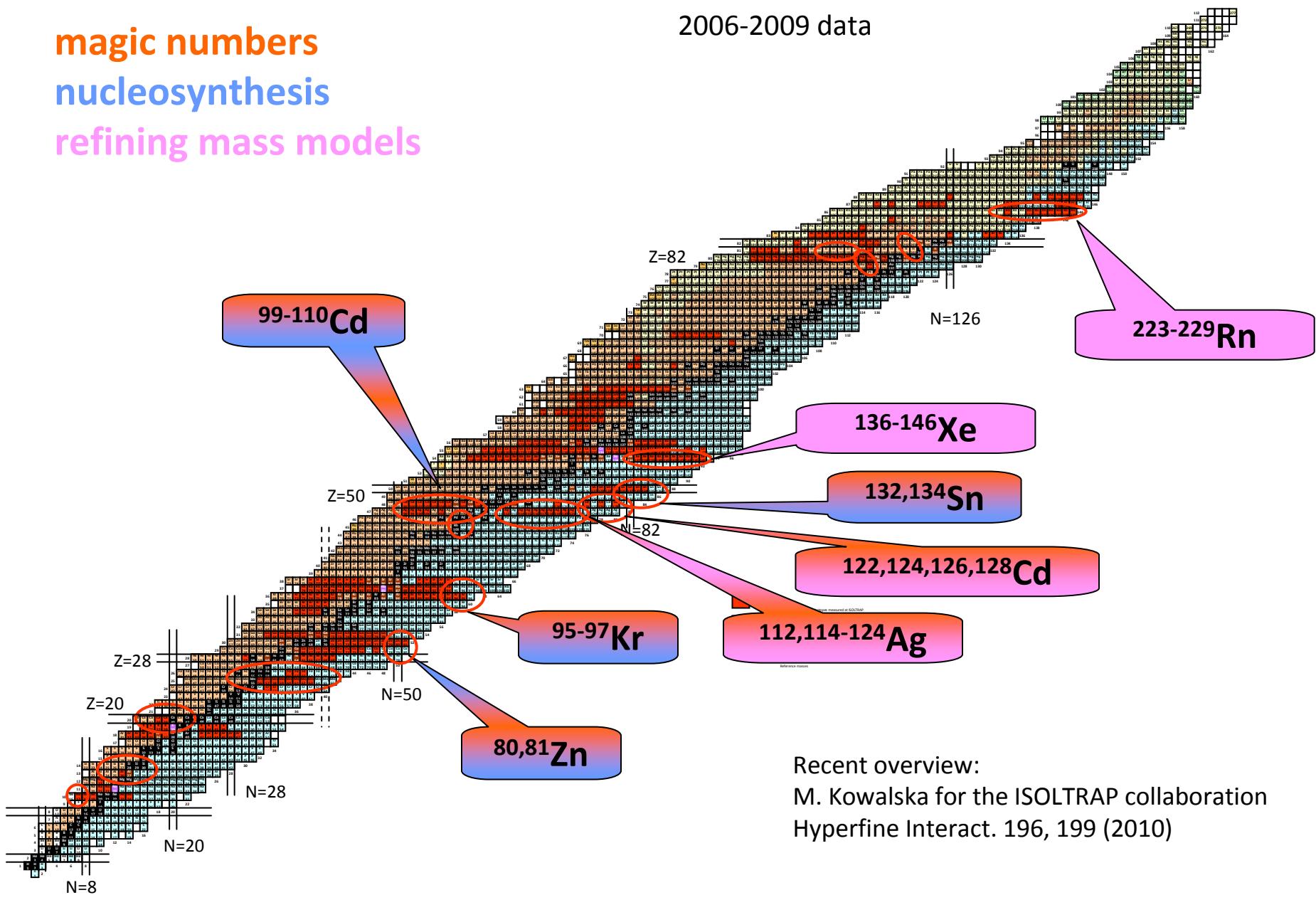
M. Mukherjee et al., Eur. Phys. J. A 35, 1-29 (2008)

ISOLTRAP and nucleosynthesis

magic numbers

nucleosynthesis

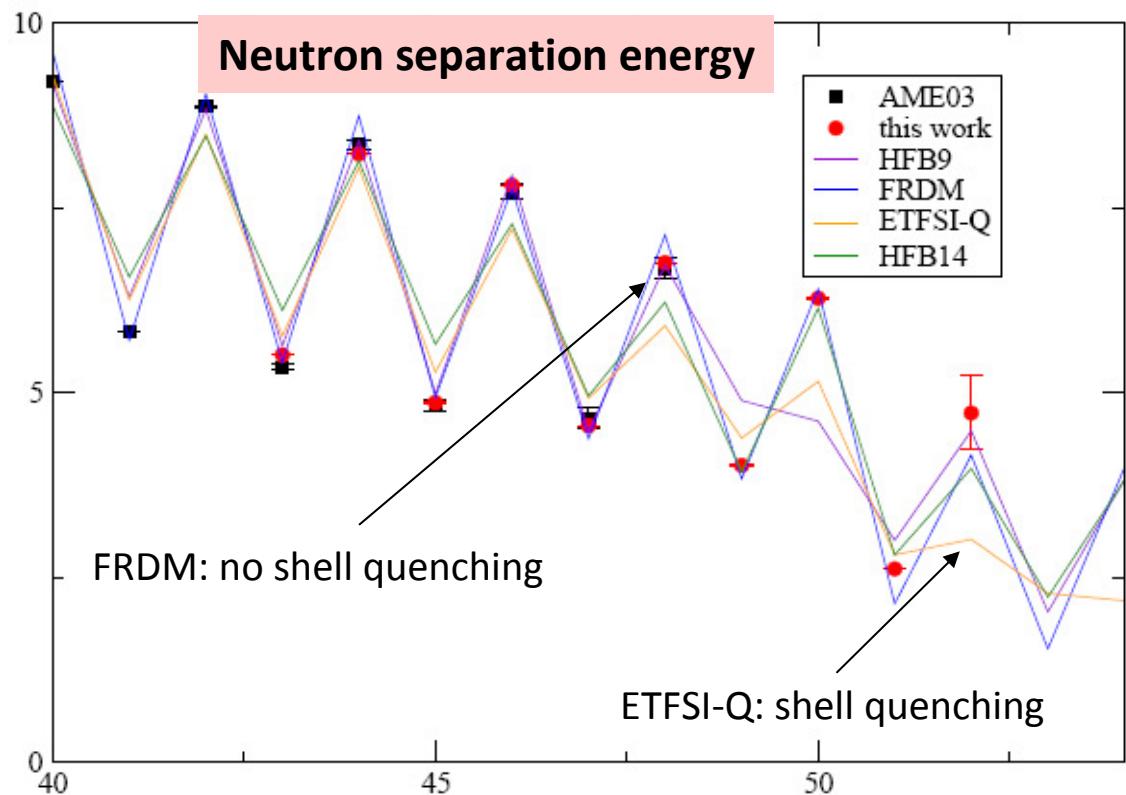
refining mass models



Recent overview:
M. Kowalska for the ISOLTRAP collaboration
Hyperfine Interact. 196, 199 (2010)

80,81Zn

^{80}Zn as r process ‘waiting-point’, strength of N=50



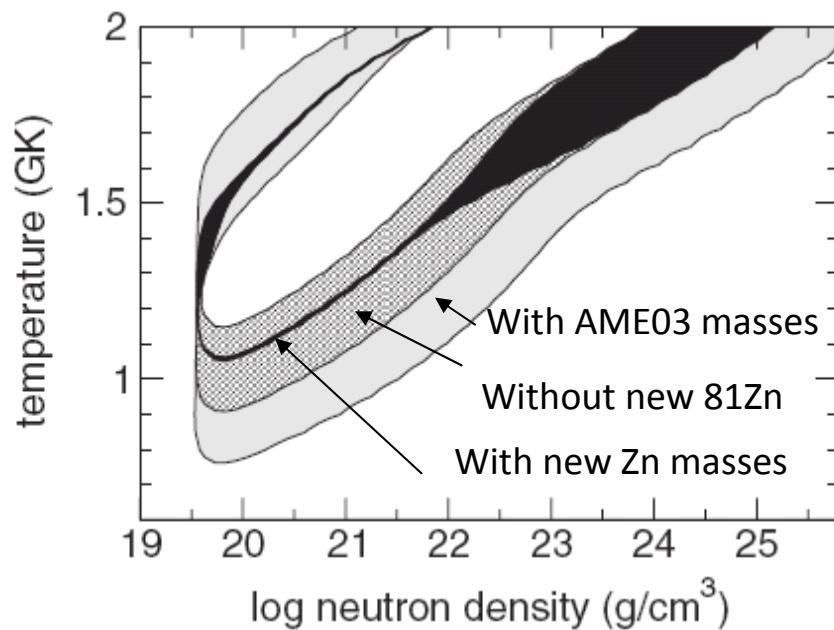
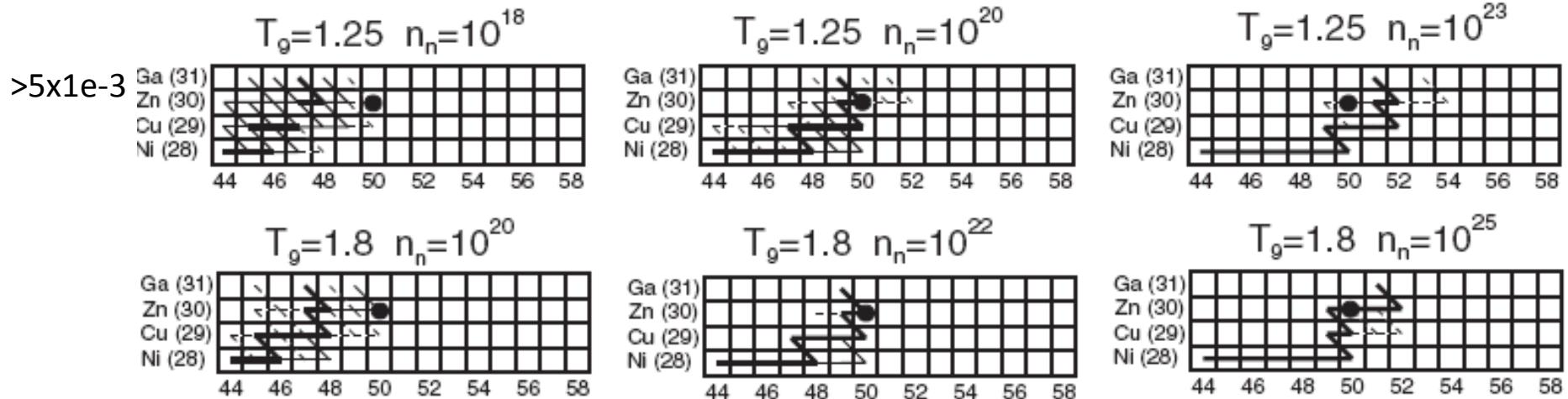
mass of ^{82}Zn : derived from systematic trends
Shifted by 400 keV compared to previous estimate

Mass of $^{79,80}\text{Zn}$ in agreement with Jyfltrap value (Hakala et al. '08)

No evidence for shell quenching:
N=50 is a good magic number

80,81Zn

Reaction flows for different conditions based on new data

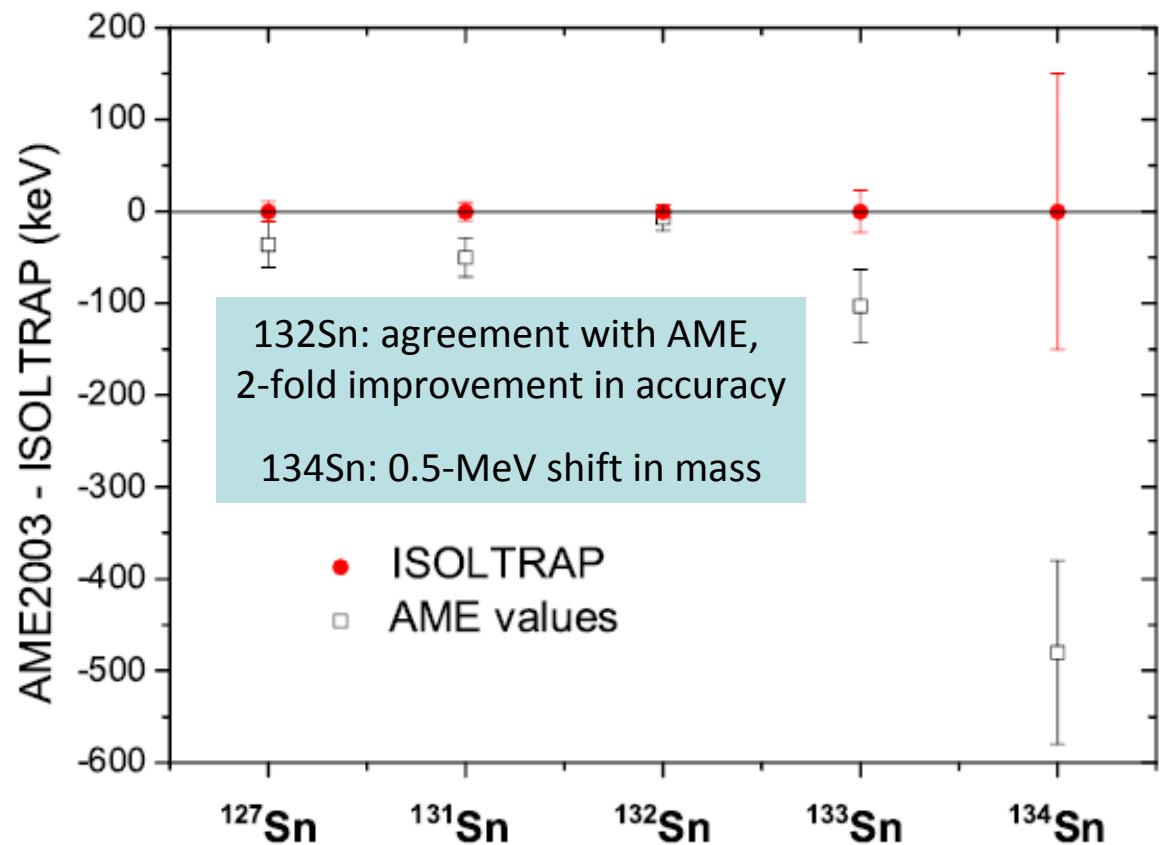
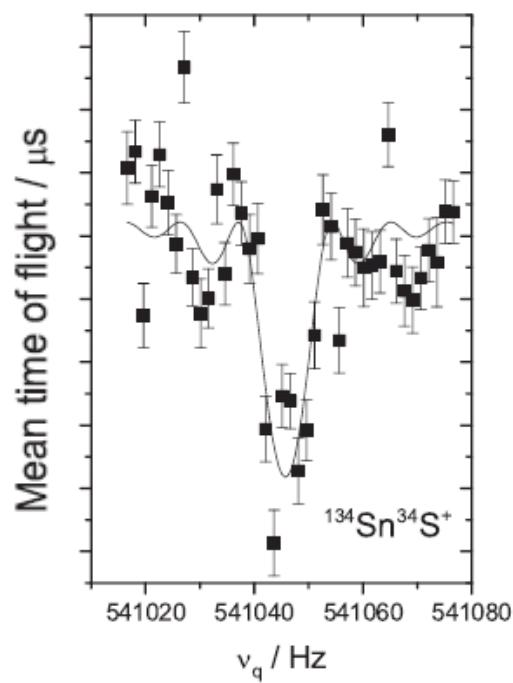


Below 1.5 GK, where $(n, \gamma) \rightleftharpoons (\gamma, n)$ equilibrium begins to break down, previously dominating mass uncertainties to the reaction flow are now negligible

^{80}Zn : - 1st major r-process waiting point with masses (S_n and n-capture Q-value) and half-life determined experimentally

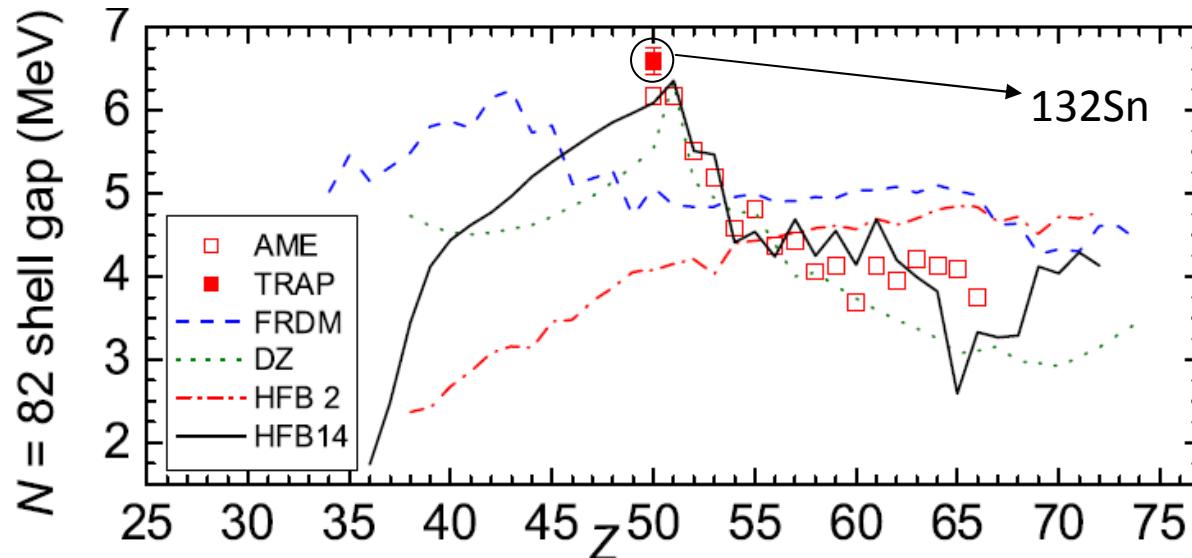
132,134Sn

**^{132}Sn as r process ‘waiting-point’,
previous experimental evidence for N=82 shell quenching**



132,134Sn

neutron shell gap $\Delta_n(N_0, Z) = S_{2n}(N_0, Z) - S_{2n}(N_0 + 2, Z)$



Restoration of N=82 gap

In agreement with recent determination of high purity of wave-functions for ^{133}Sn low-lying states,
K. Jones et al, Nature 465, 454 (2010)

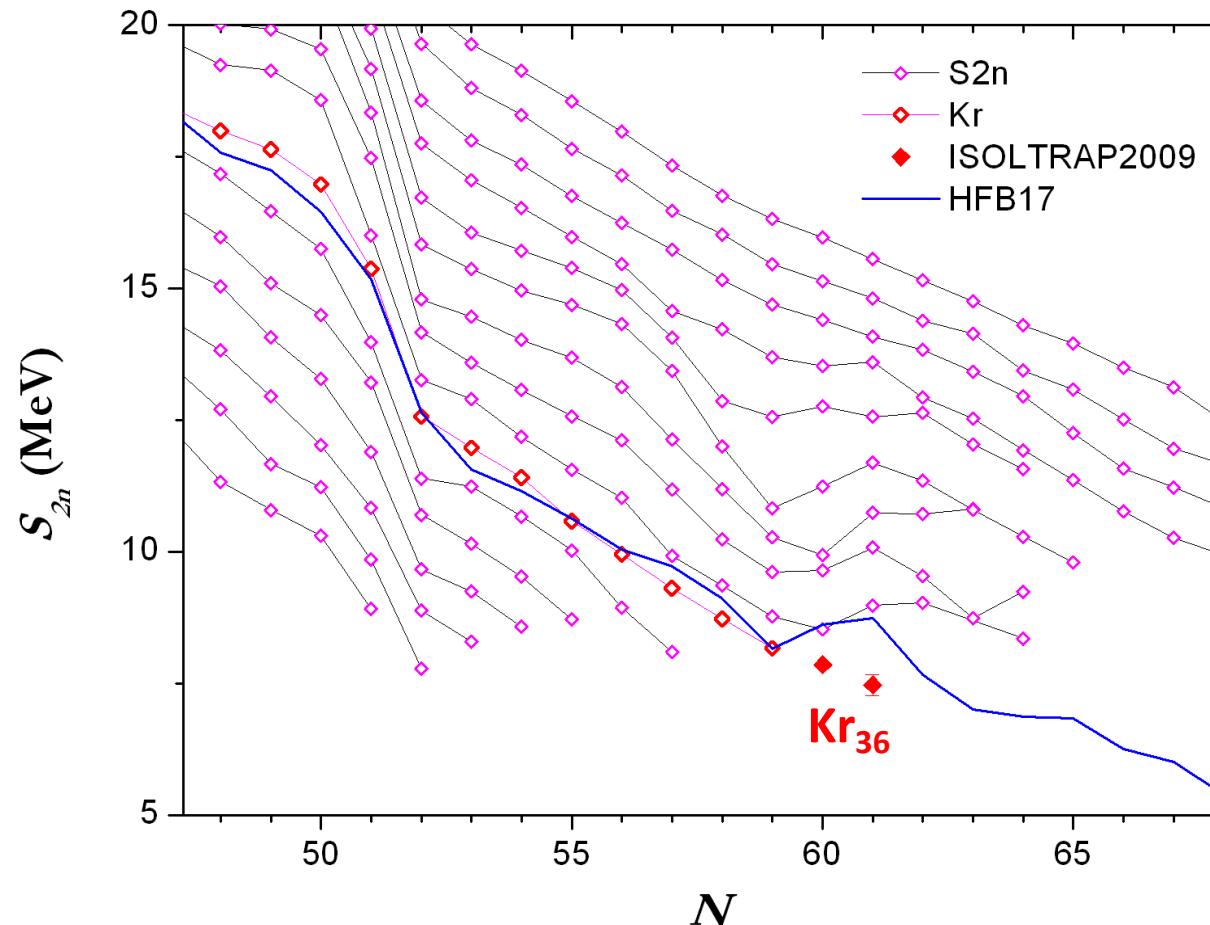
G. Martinez-Pinedo et al., Proc. Sci. NIC-IX (2006) 064: “mass models with strong shell gaps yield final abundances that are practically independent of the conditions once the neutron-to-seed ratio is large enough”

- New $N = 82$ shell gap in ^{132}Sn is larger than $N = 28$ shell gap of ^{48}Ca
- $N=82$ shell gap might influence r process fission cycling: in presence of shell gap, r process slows down and more neutrons are created by photodisintegration inducing more fission

M. Dworschak et al., PRL 100, 072501 (2008)

96-97Kr

- structure beyond $N = 58$ sub-shell
- location of r -process path



S. Naimi et al,
PRL accepted

84,86-95Kr:
ISOLTRAP results,
Delahaye et al,
PRC74, 034331 (06)

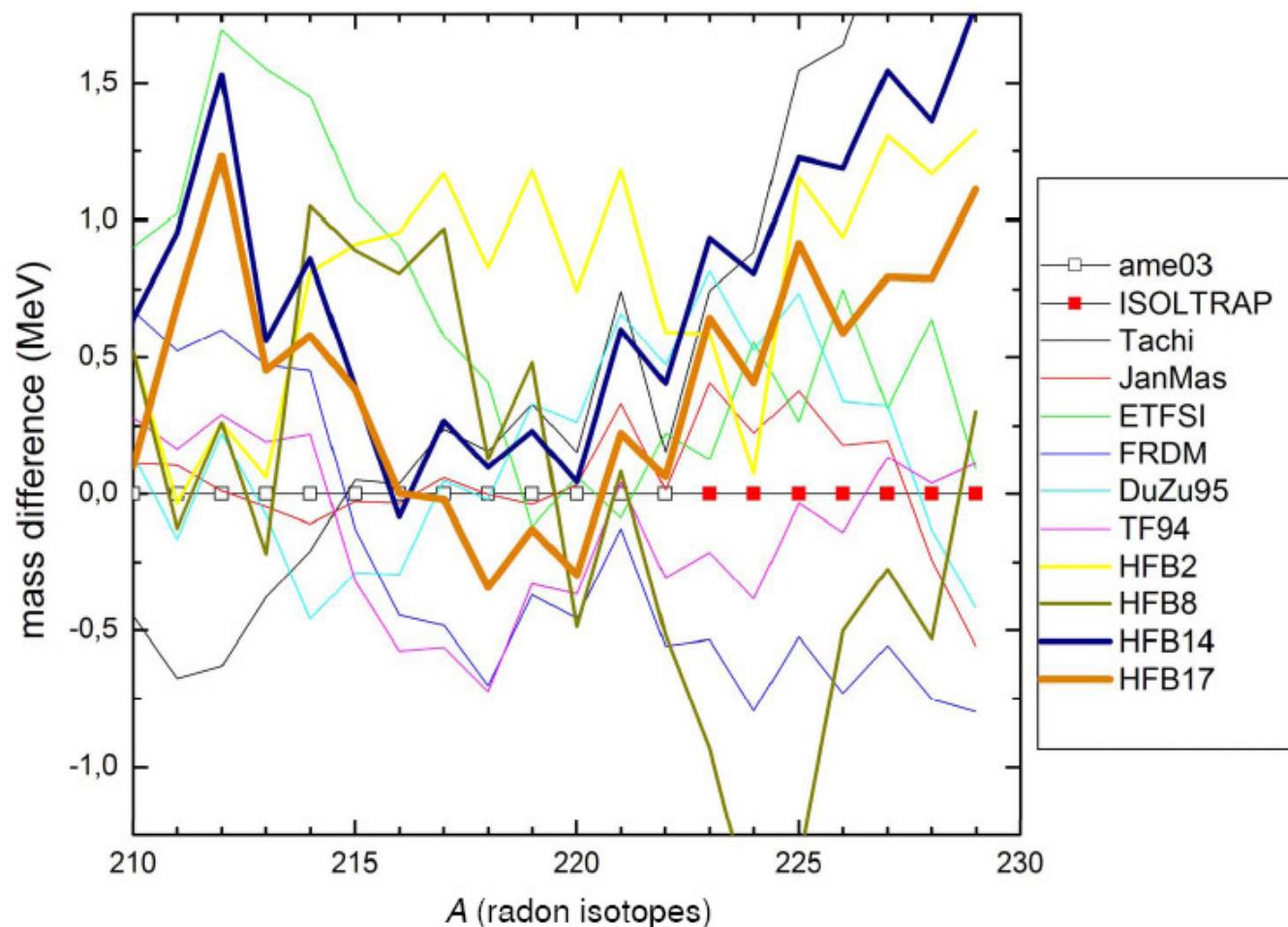
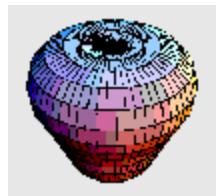
- Smooth continuation of S_{2n} trend, no evidence for large structural changes, unlike neighbours
- Deviation from mass models => influence on r -process models

223-229Rn

- proton - neutron interaction
- possible link to octupole deformation
- improvement of mass models

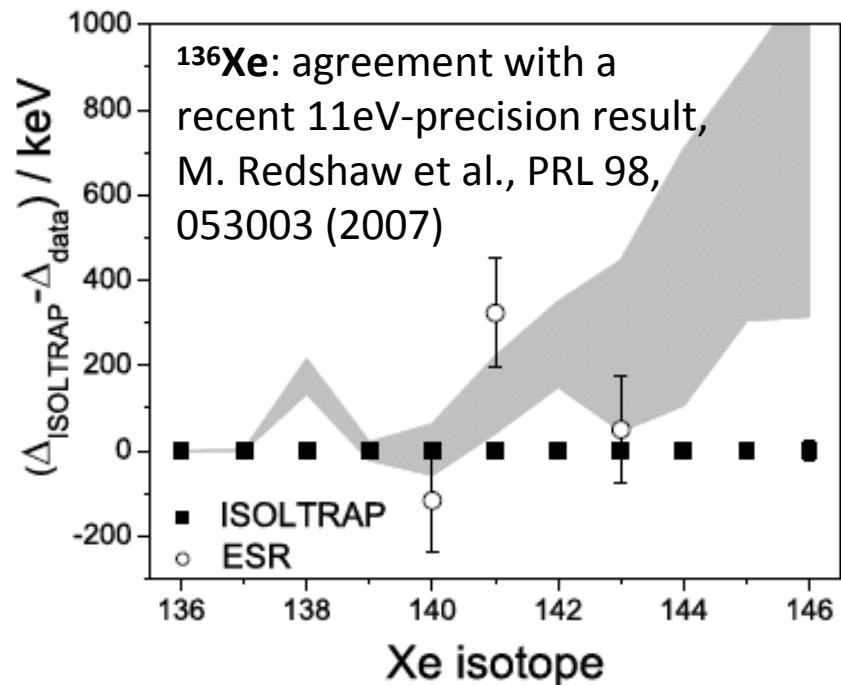
7 masses never measured before

A new nuclide discovered: ^{229}Rn



D. Neidherr *et al.*, PRL 102, 112501 (2009)

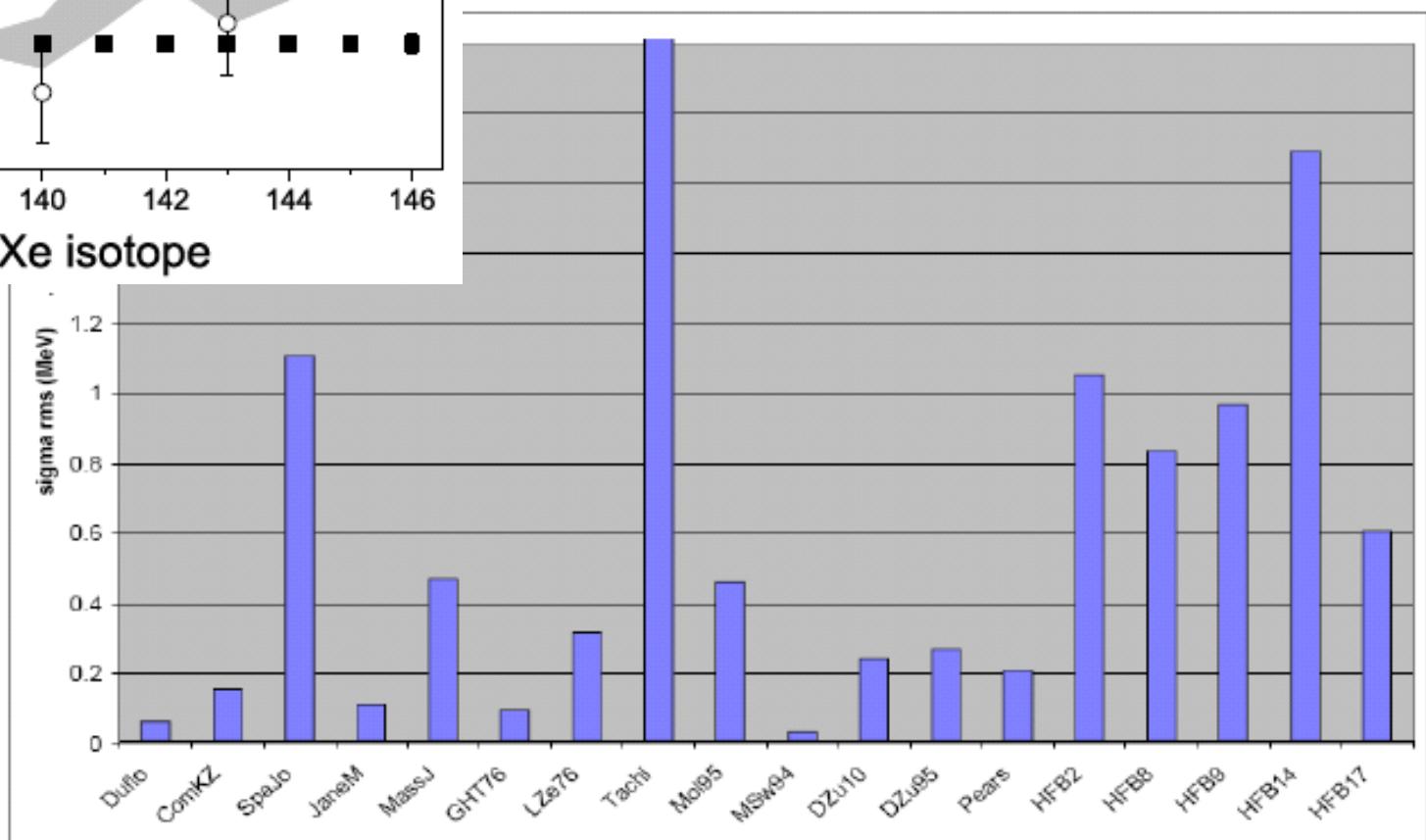
143-146Xe



D. Neidherr et al.,
PRC 80, 044323 (2009)

Nuclear structure:

- proton - neutron interaction
- link to octupole deformation ?
- input for mass models



Summary and outlook

Atomic masses provide crucial input for r-process calculations

Many masses are inaccessible experimentally => reliable extrapolations

ISOLTRAP spectrometer at ISOLDE-CERN provided recently masses of:

- waiting-point nuclei ^{82}Zn and ^{132}Sn and confirmed their magicity
- very n-rich nuclei for mass model extrapolations

More input is needed to refine better the models

Plans to measure ^{82}Zn and ^{130}Cd

Overview of 2006-2009 results: M. Kowalska, Hyperfine Interact. 196, 199 (2010)

Mass database: www.cern.ch/isoltrap/database/isodb.asp