



Mass and Lifetime Measurements of Stored Exotic Nuclei

Yuri A. Litvinov

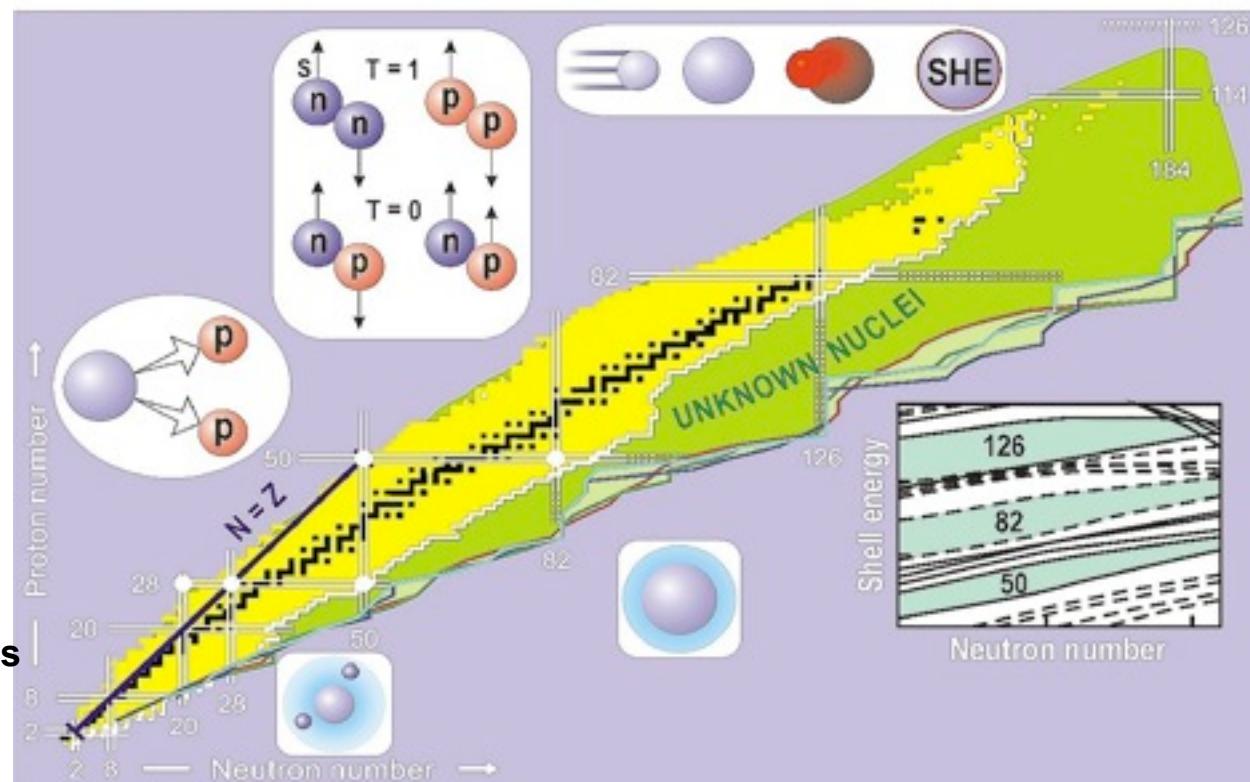
**11th Symposium on Nuclei in the Cosmos
Heidelberg, Germany, 19-23 July 2010**





Masses: Fundamental Properties of Atomic Nuclei

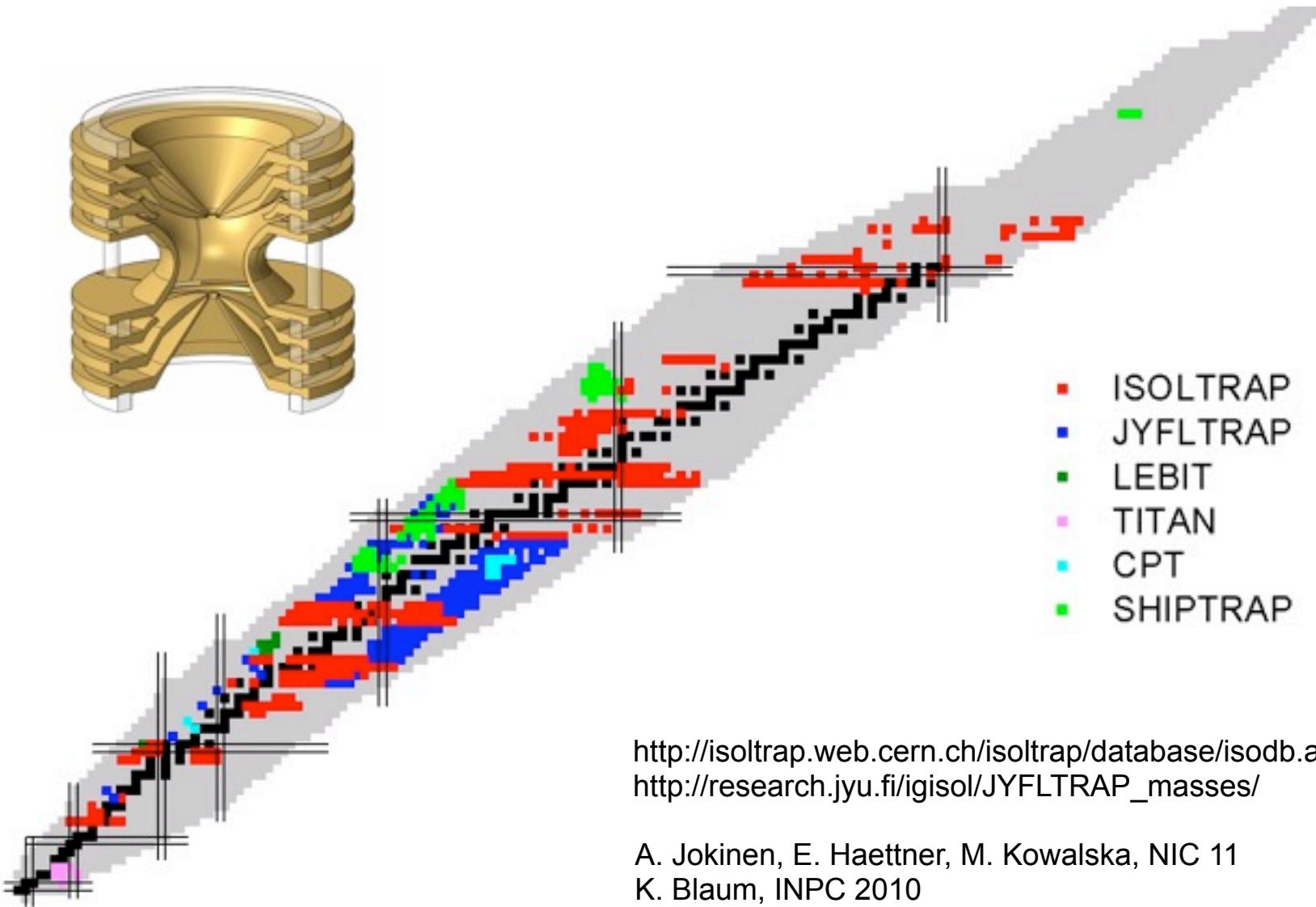
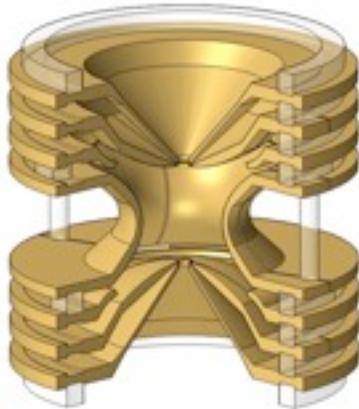
- Binding energies
- Mass models
- Shell structure
- Correlations
- pairing
- Reaction phase space
- Q-values
- Reaction probabilities
- The reach of nuclei
- Drip lines
- Specific configurations and topologies
- Nuclear astrophysics
- Paths of nucleosynthesis
- Fundamental symmetries
- Metrology
-





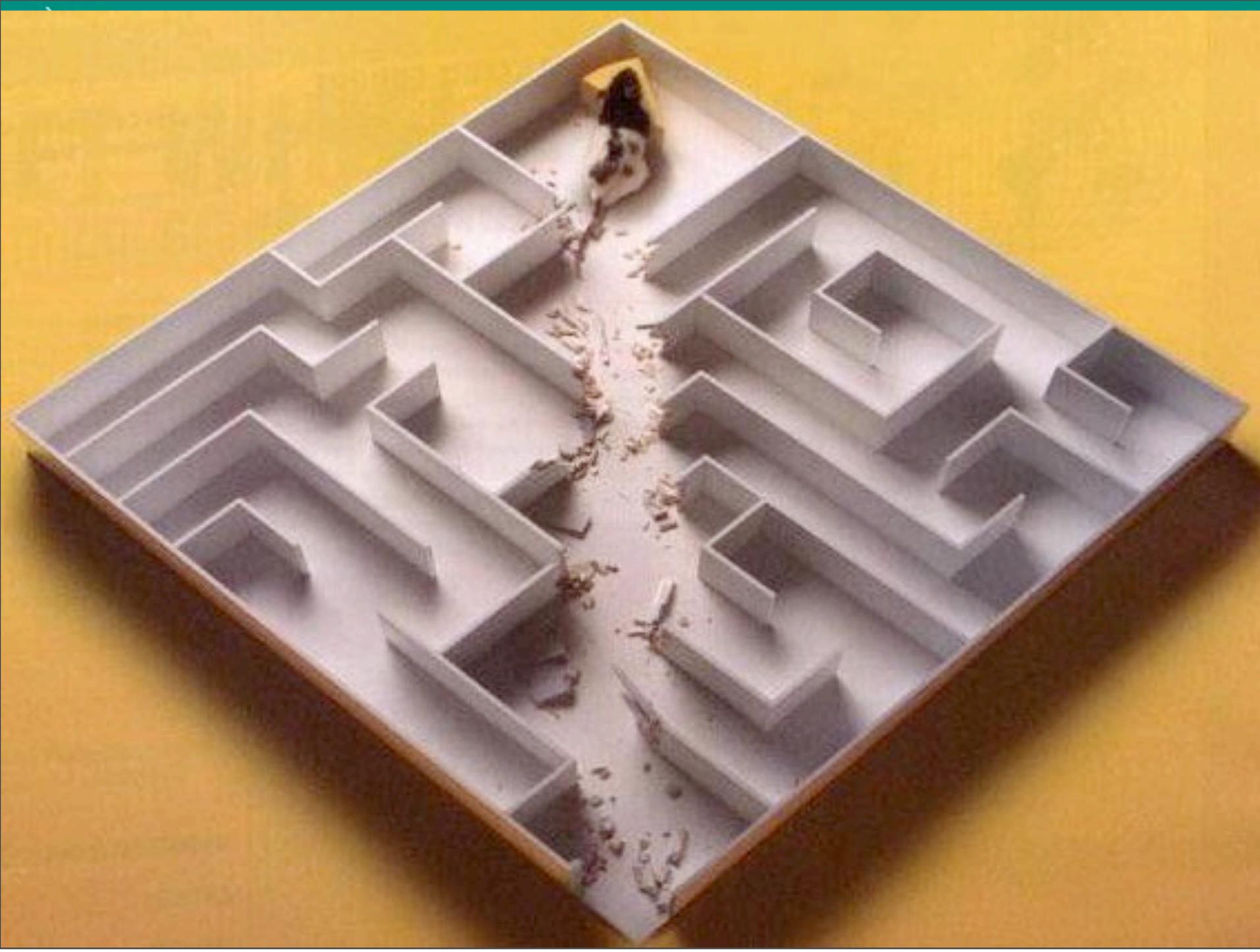
Penning Trap Mass Measurements

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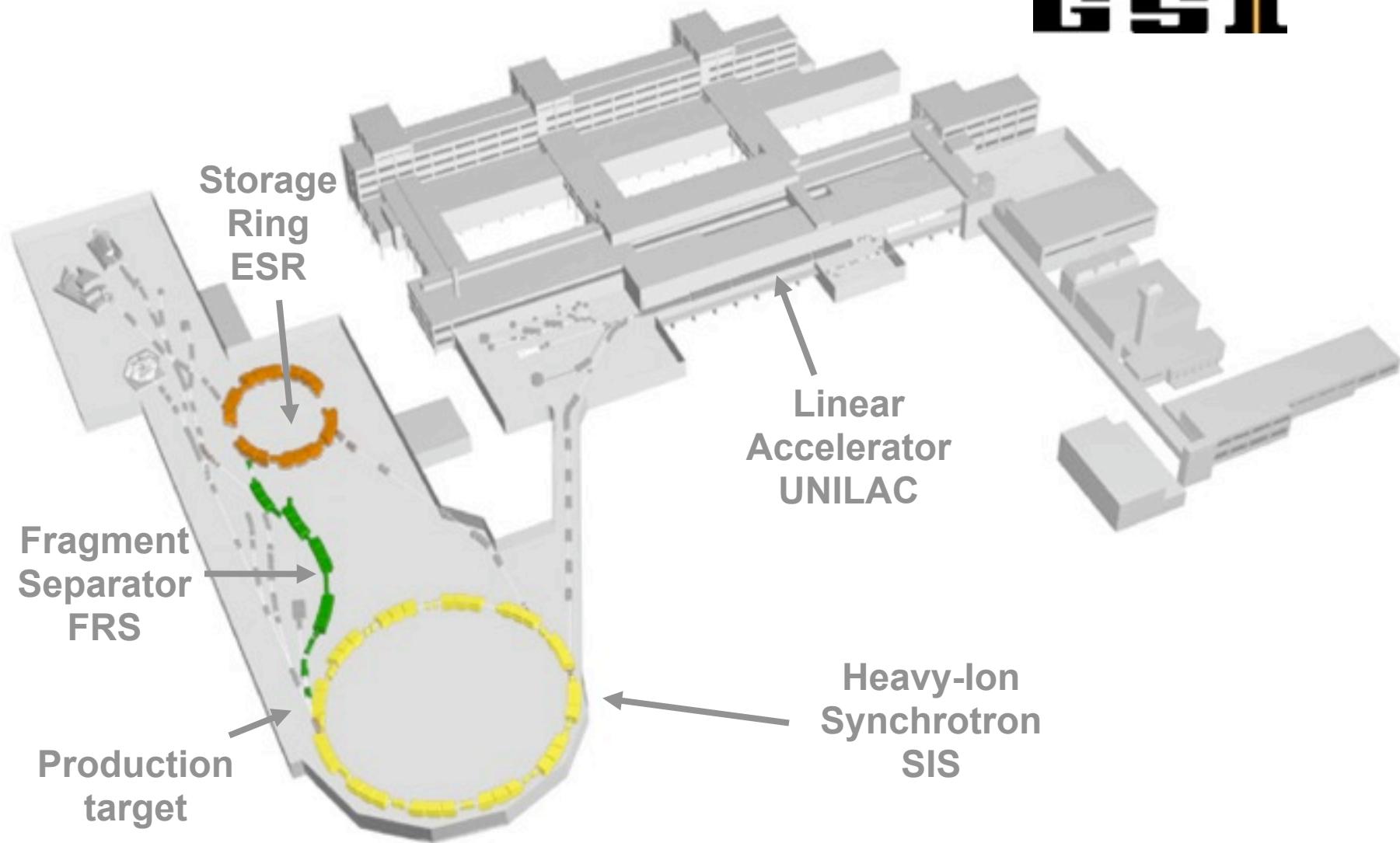
<http://isoltrap.web.cern.ch/isoltrap/database/isodb.asp>
http://research.jyu.fi/igisol/JYFLTRAP_masses/

A. Jokinen, E. Haettner, M. Kowalska, NIC 11
K. Blaum, INPC 2010



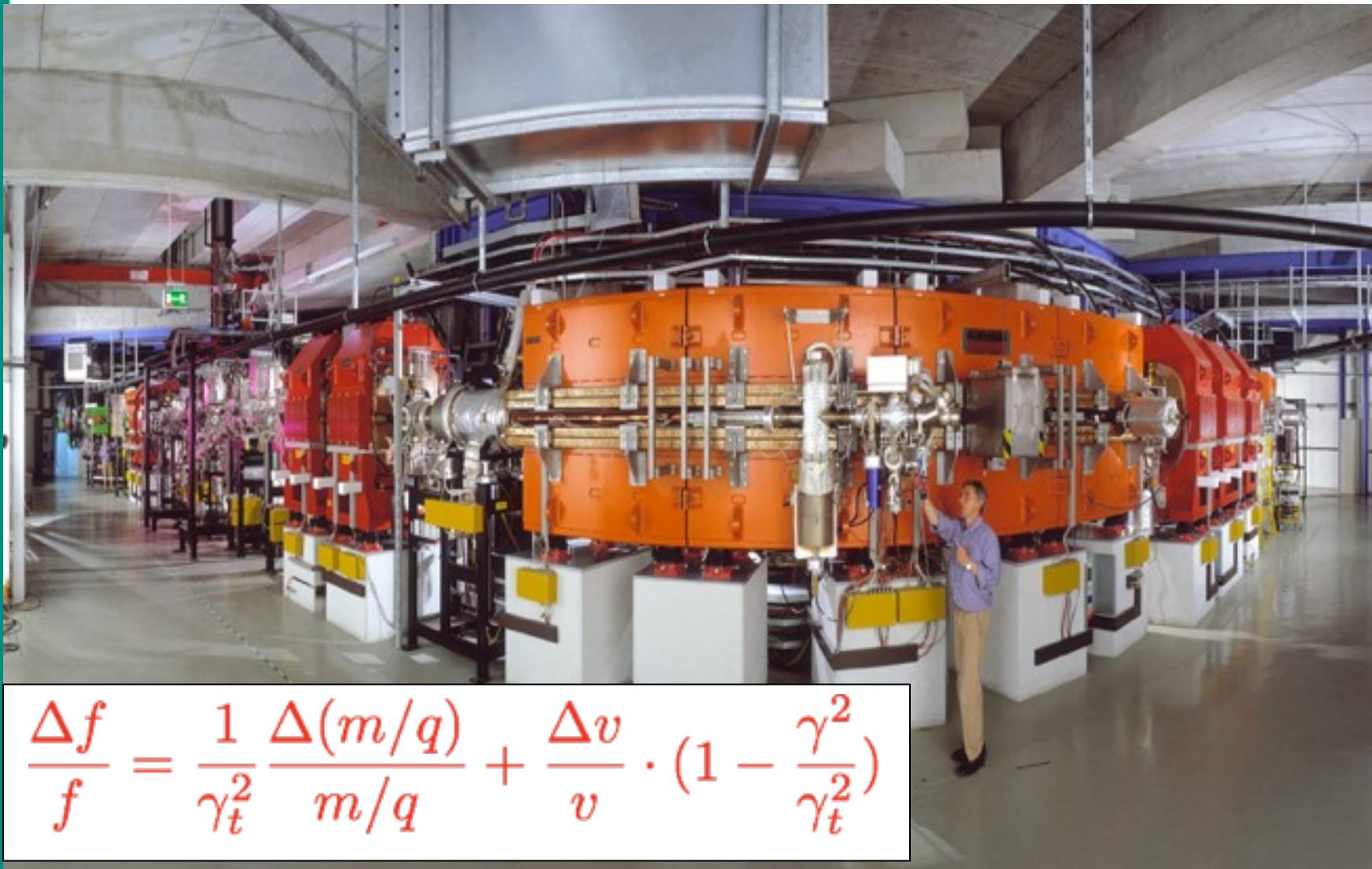
Tuesday, August 3, 2010

Secondary beam facility at GSI





Experimental Storage Ring at GSI



$$\frac{\Delta f}{f} = \frac{1}{\gamma_t^2} \frac{\Delta(m/q)}{m/q} + \frac{\Delta v}{v} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{\gamma^2}{\gamma_t^2}\right)$$

ESR: B. Franzke, NIM B 24/25 (1987) 18

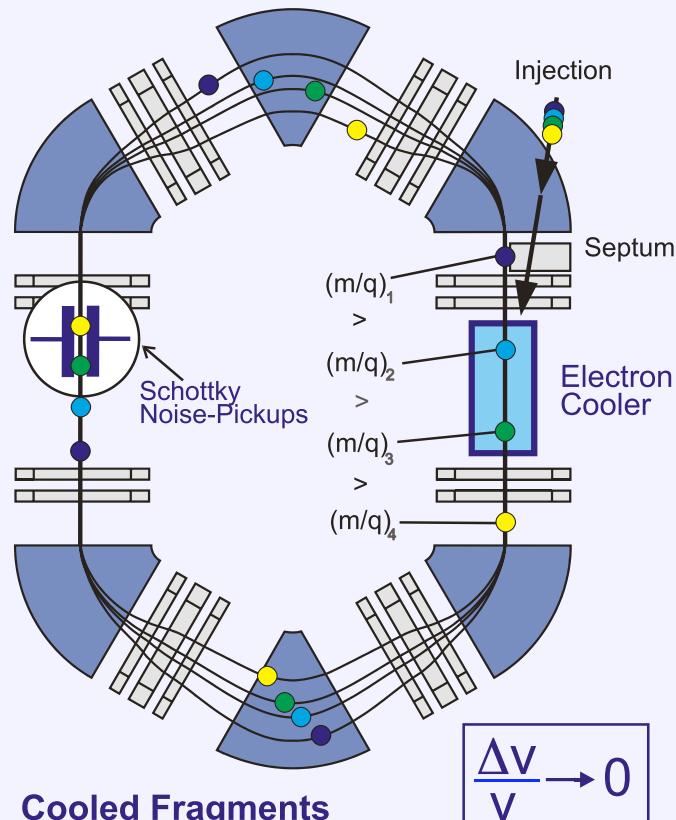
Stochastic cooling: F. Nolden et al., NIM B 532 (2004) 329
Electron cooling: M. Steck et al., NIM B 532 (2004) 357



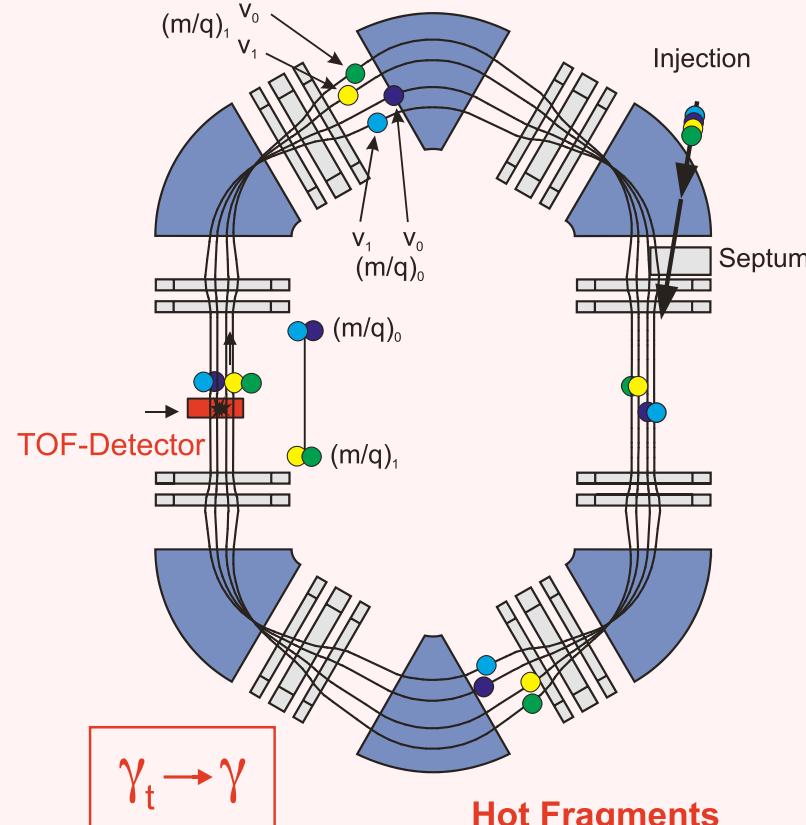


Two Methods

SCHOTTKY MASS SPECTROMETRY



ISOCRITICAL MASS SPECTROMETRY

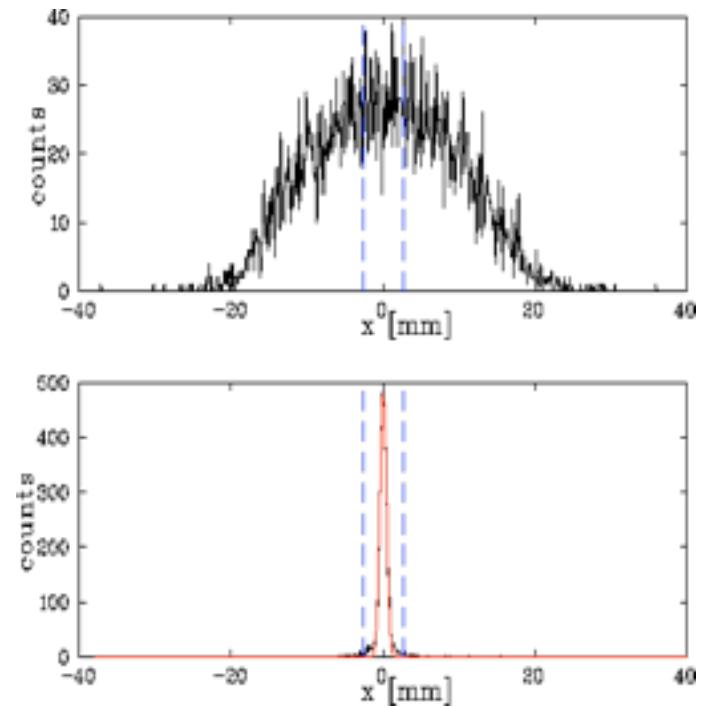


$$\frac{\Delta f}{f} = -\frac{1}{\gamma_t^2} \frac{\Delta(m/q)}{m/q} + \frac{\Delta V}{V} \left(1 - \frac{\gamma^2}{\gamma_t^2}\right)$$



Electron Cooling

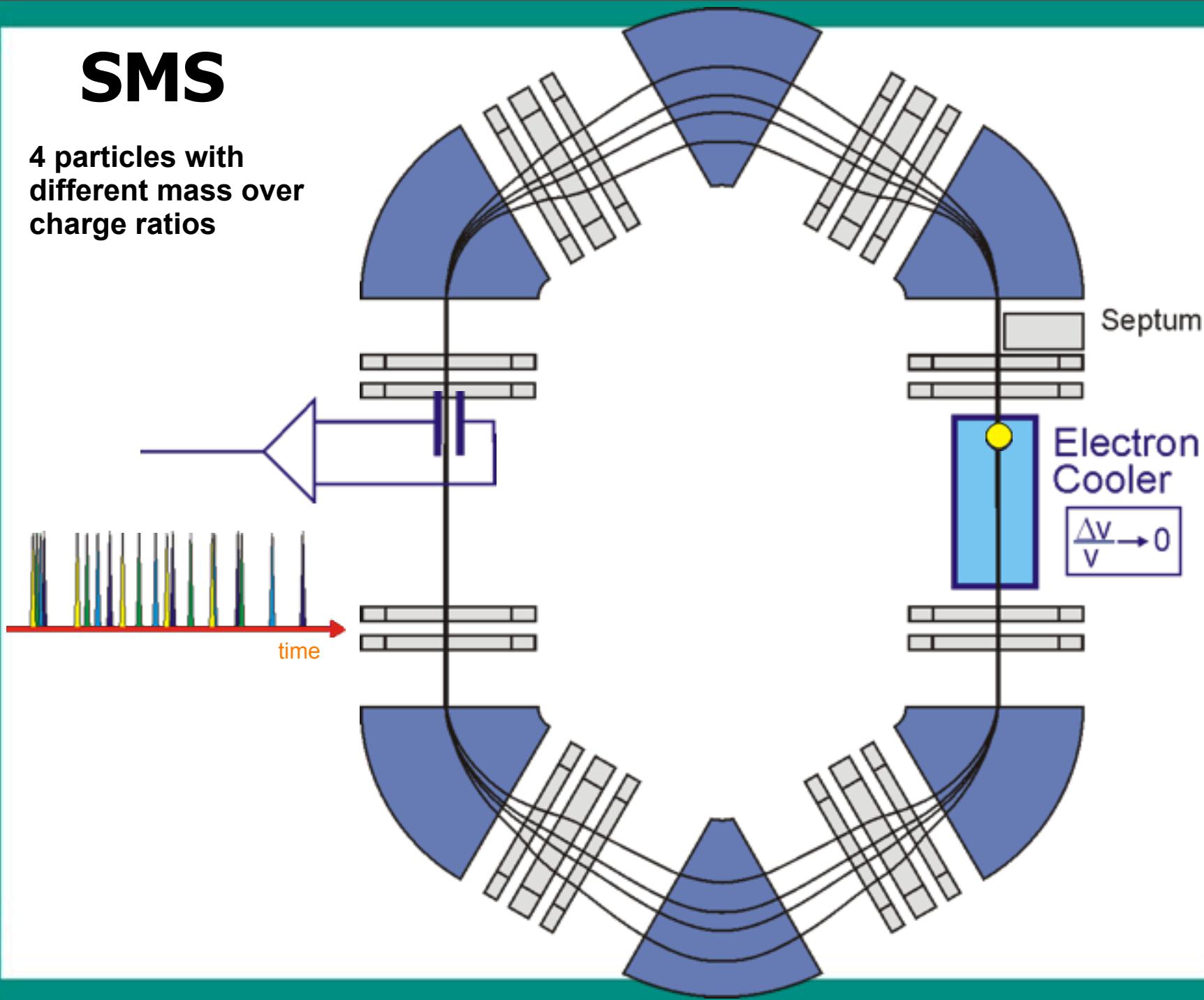
momentum exchange with 'cold', collinear e- beam. The ions get the **sharp velocity** of the electrons, small size and divergence





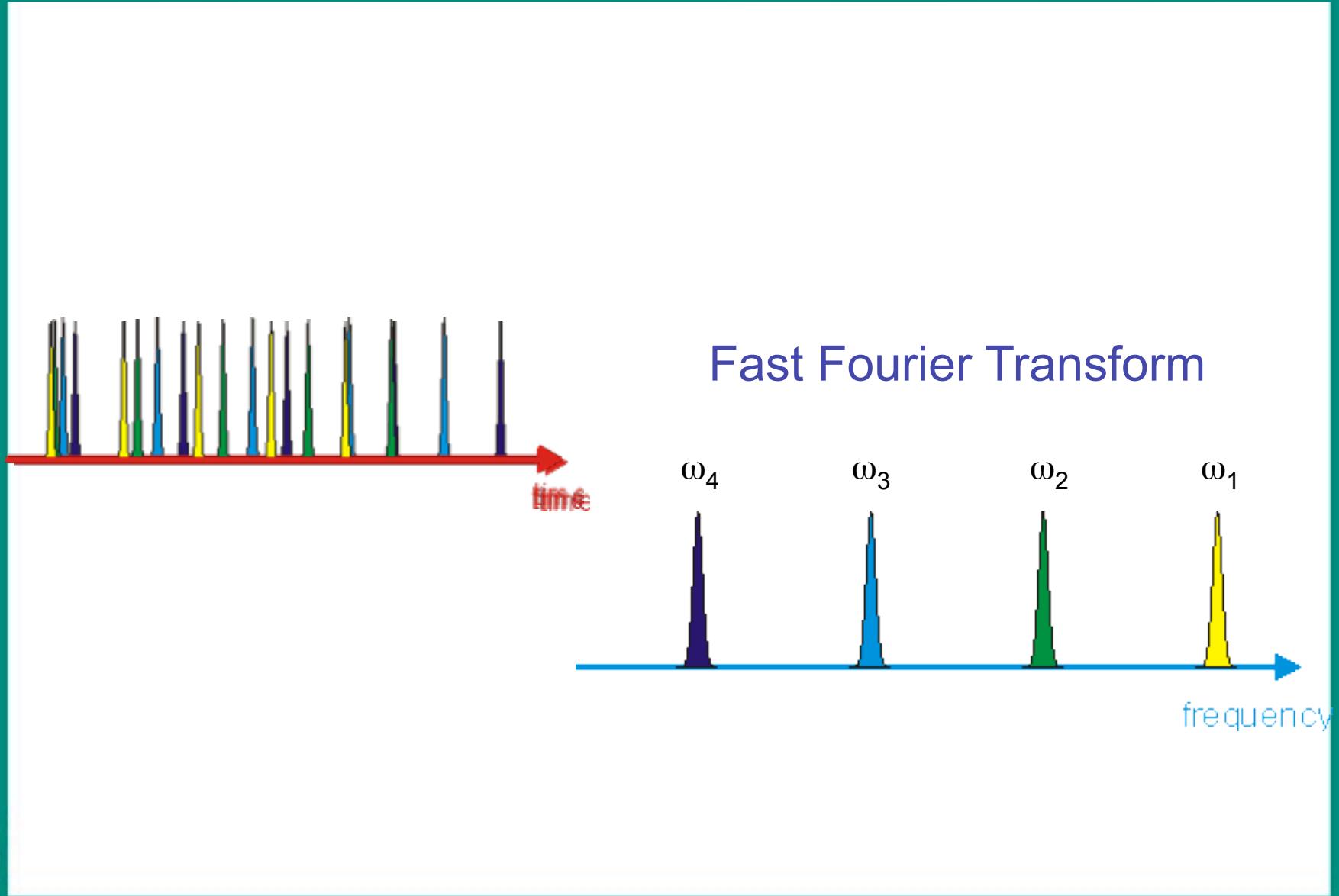
SMS

4 particles with
different mass over
charge ratios



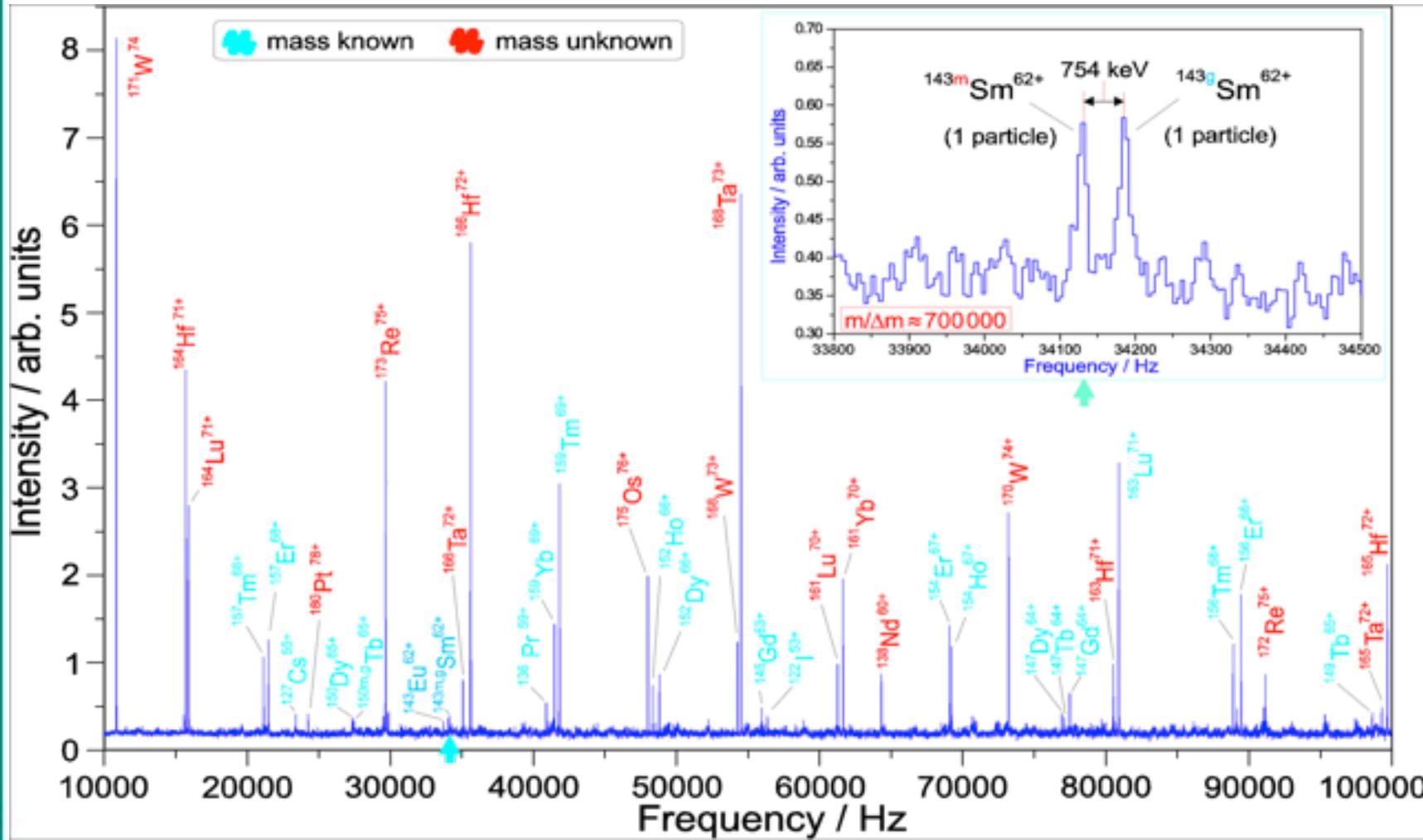


Schottky Mass Spectrometry





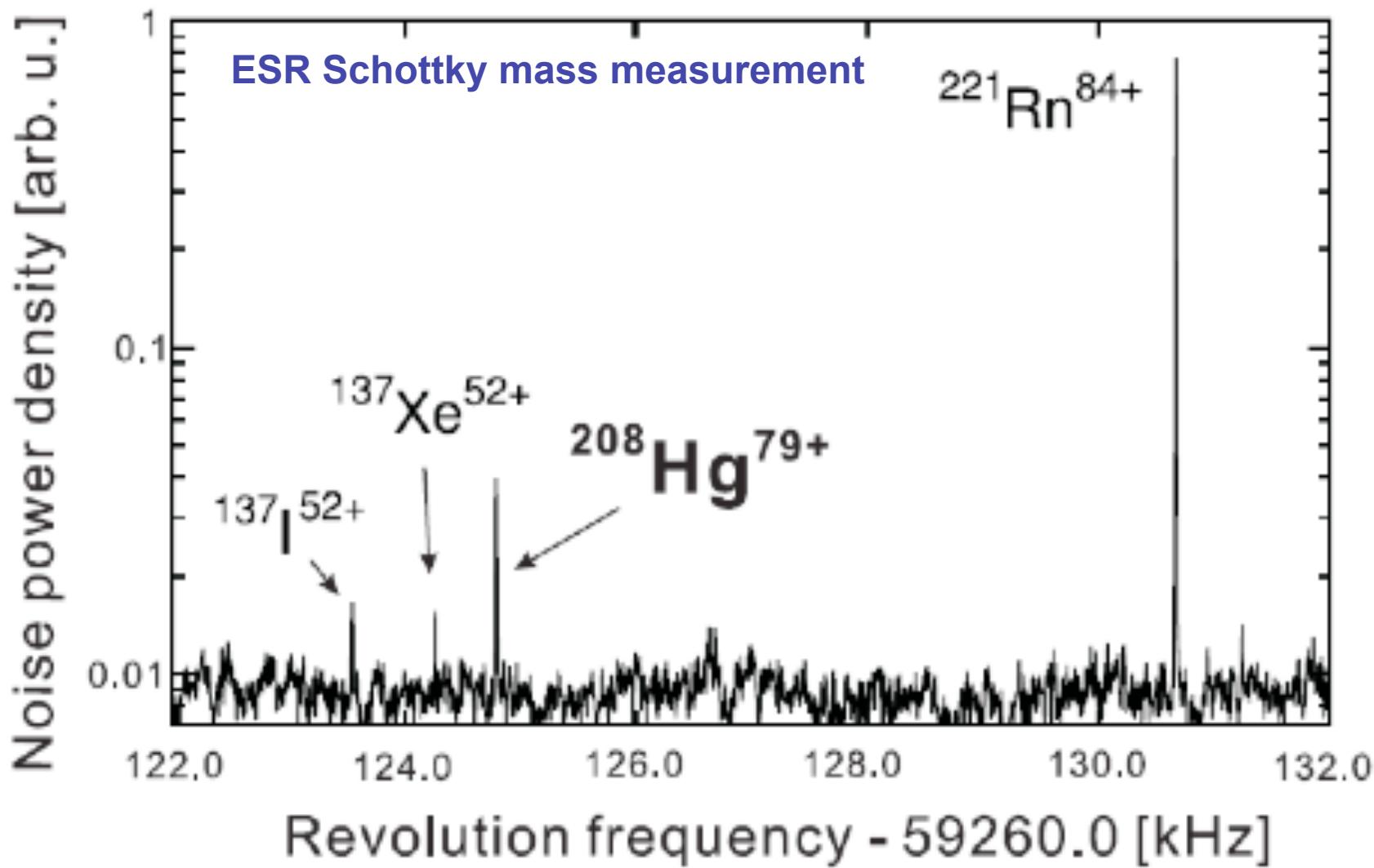
Broad-band Schottky Frequency Spectrum



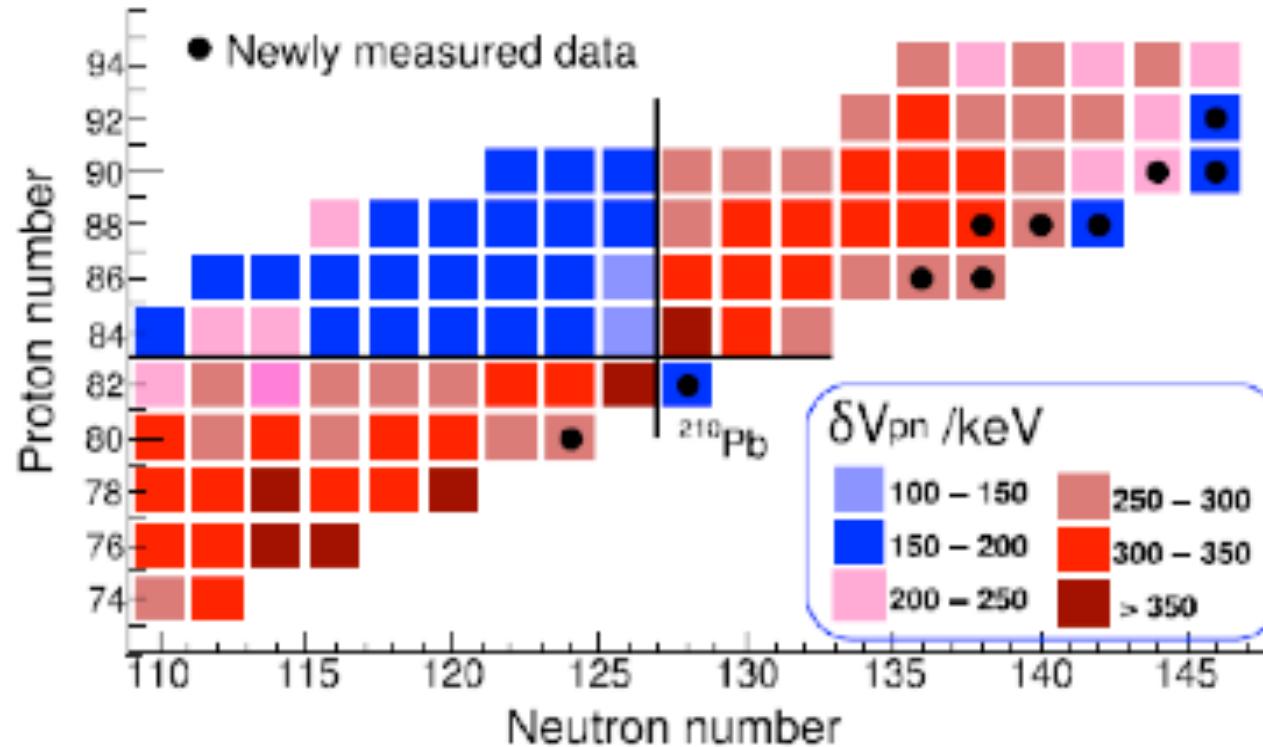


Direct Mass Measurement of ^{208}Hg Nuclide

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Experimental proton-neutron interaction



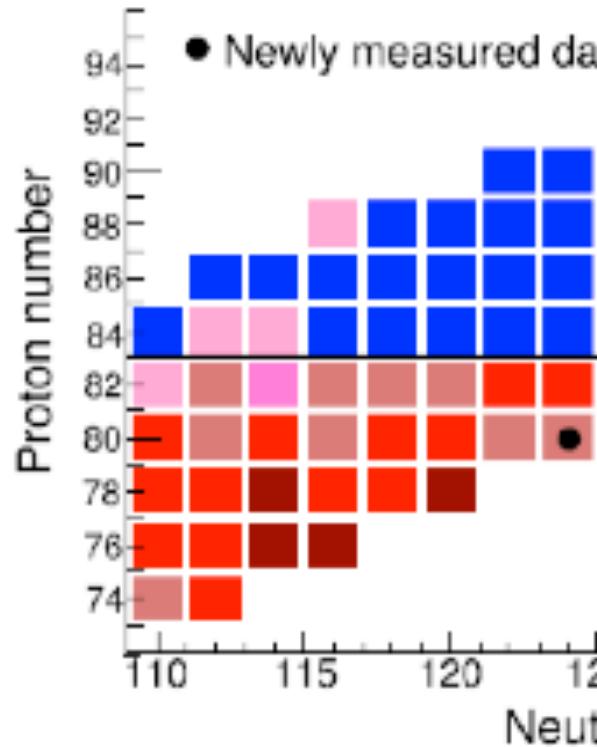
For even-even nuclei

$$\delta V_{pn}(Z, N) = \frac{1}{4} [\{B(Z, N) - B(Z, N-2)\} - \{B(Z-2, N) - B(Z-2, N-2)\}]$$

L. Chen et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 102, 122503 (2009)

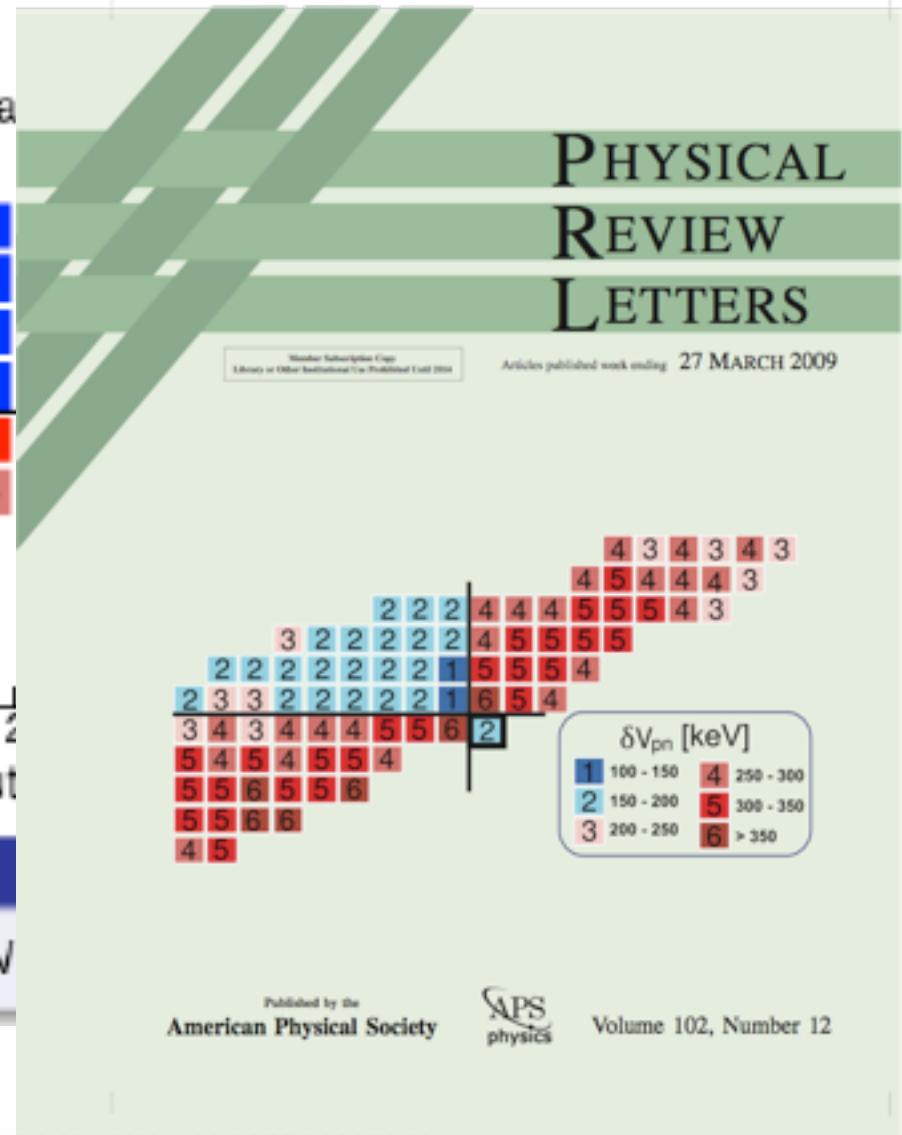


Experimental proton-neutron interaction



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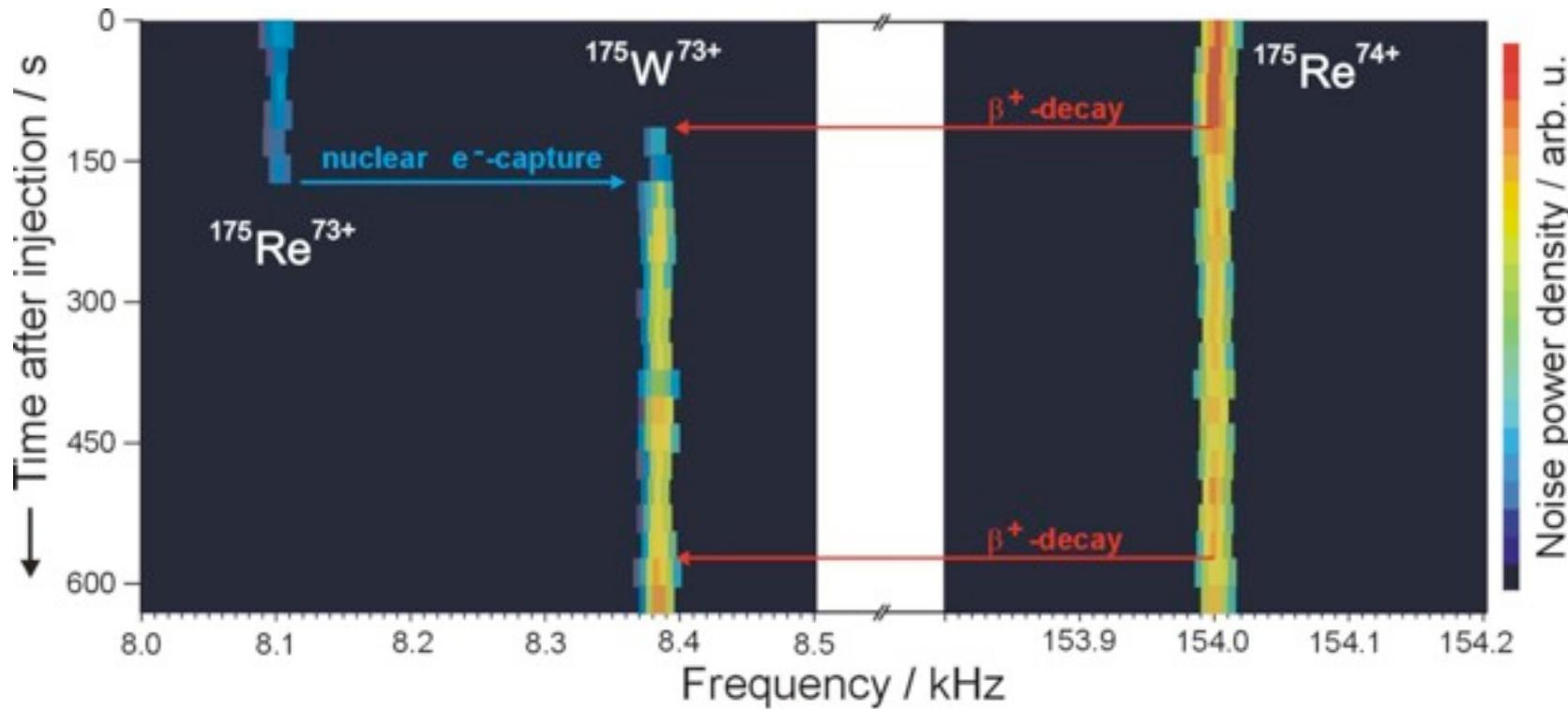


L. Chen et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 102, 122501 (2009)



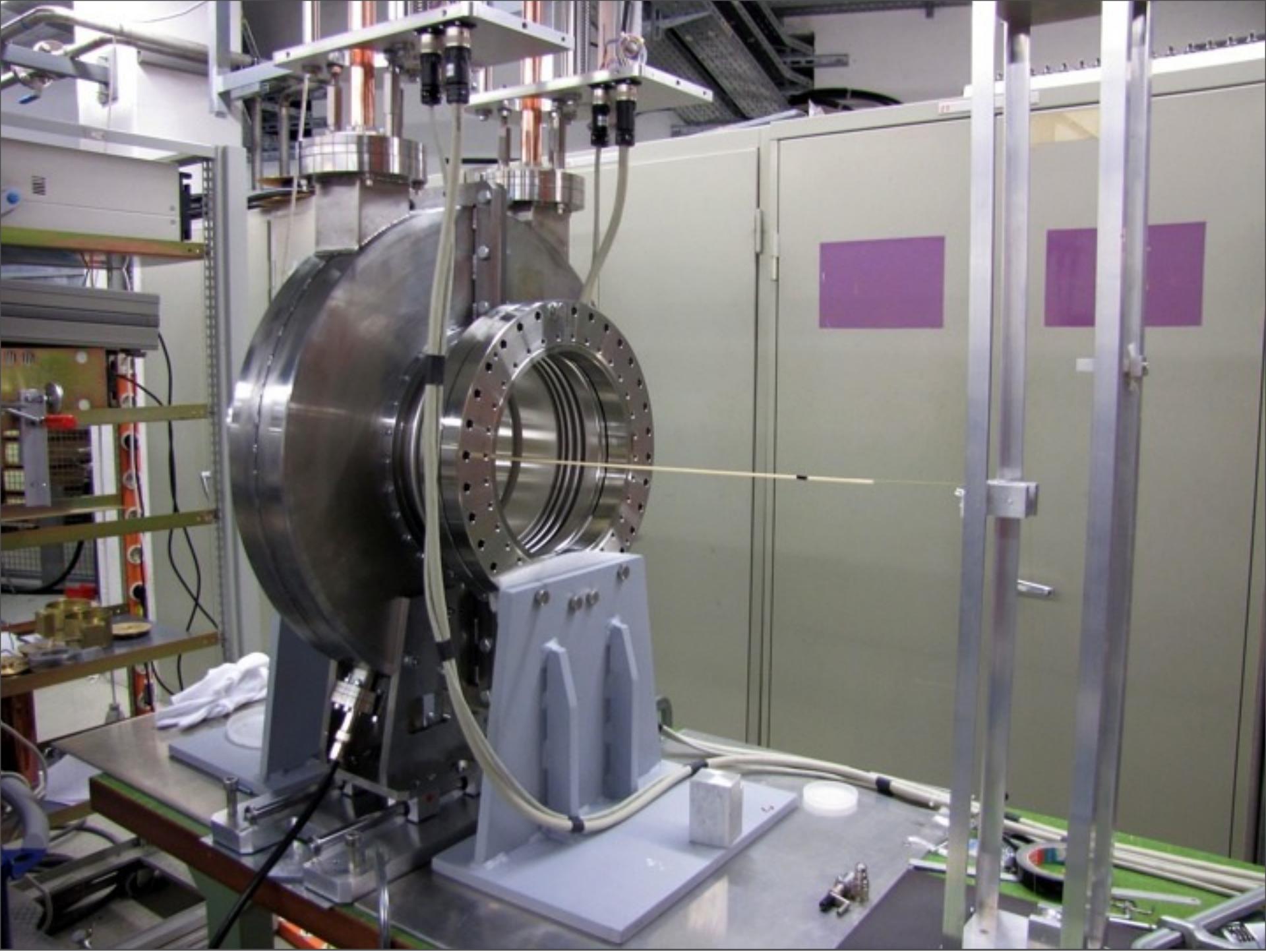
Nuclear Decays of Stored Single Ions

Time-resolved SMS is a perfect tool to study decays in the ESR



EC, β^+ , β^- , bound-state β , and IT decays were observed

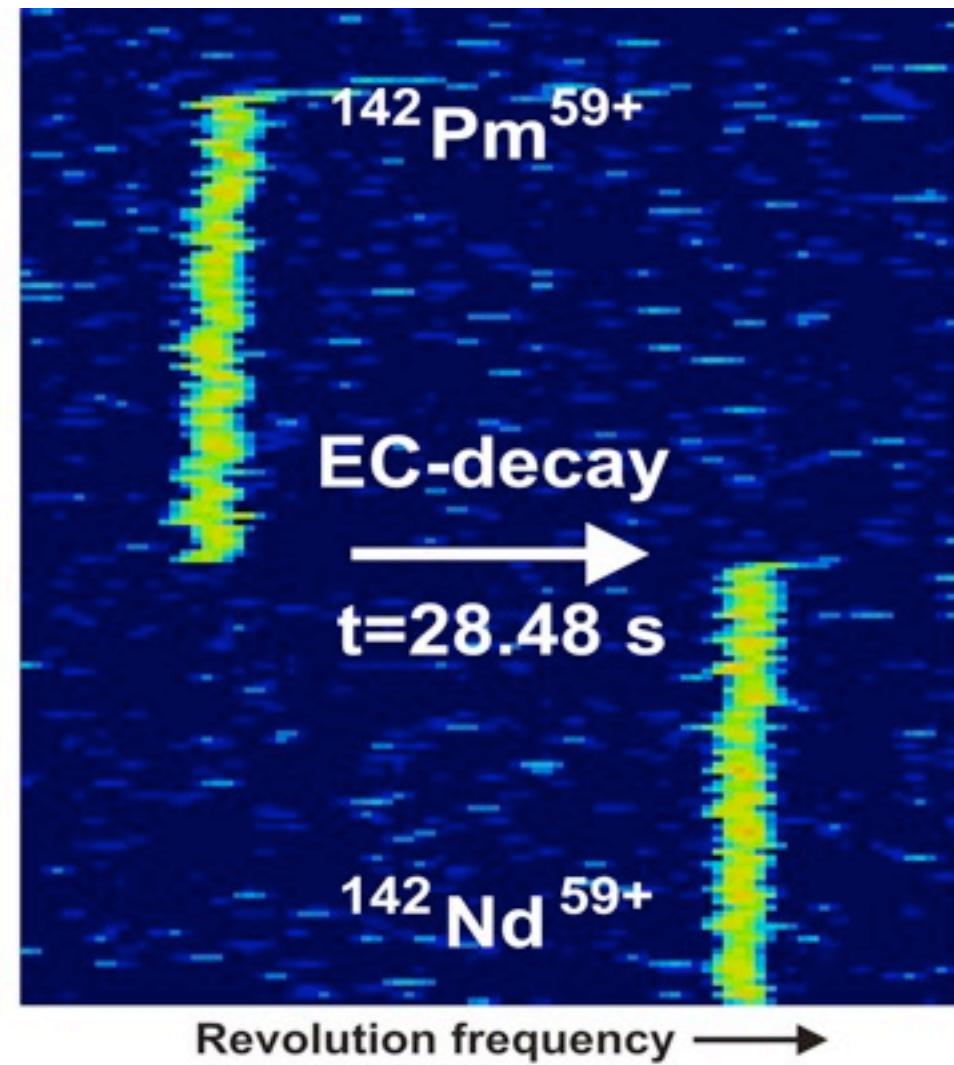
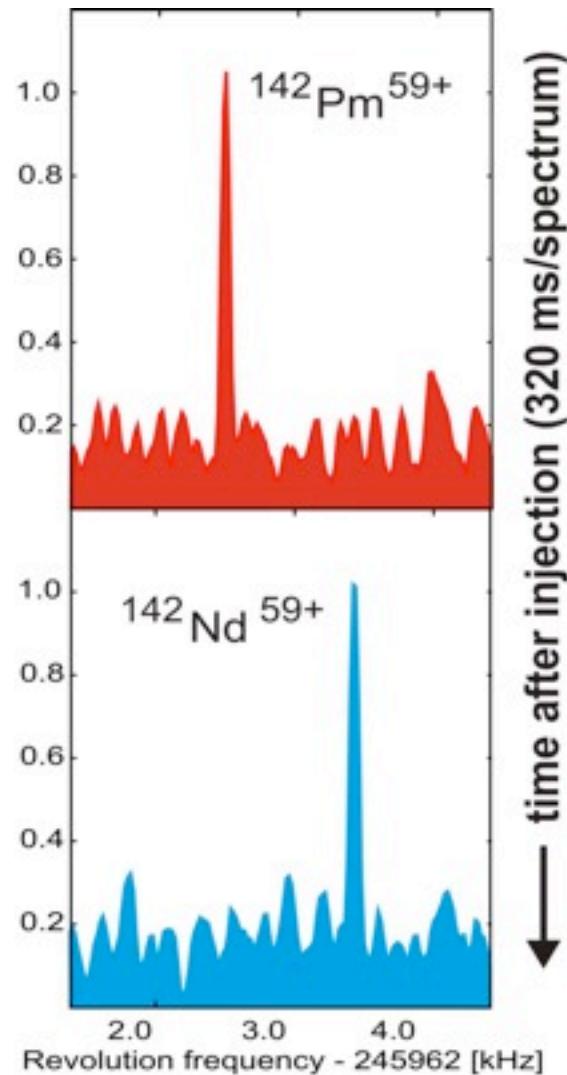




Tuesday, August 3, 2010



Single ion sensitivity





Measured Mass Surface

Masses of more than 1100 Nuclides were measured

Mass accuracy:

SMS $1.5 \cdot 10^{-7}$ up to $4 \cdot 10^{-8}$

IMS $\sim 5 \cdot 10^{-7}$

Results: ~ 350 new masses

In addition more than

300 improved mass values

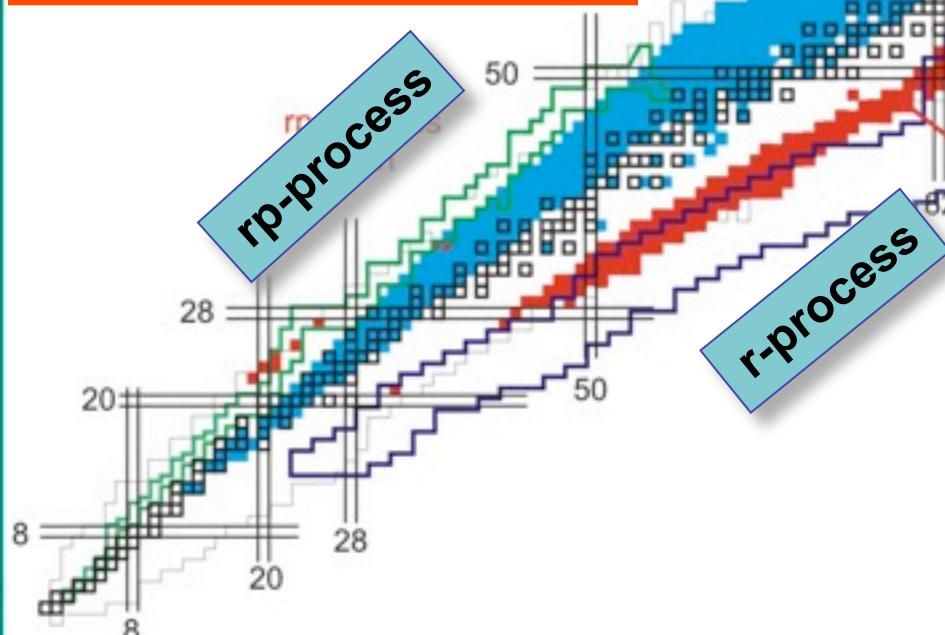
Mass surface covered with the time-resolved Schottky Mass Spectrometry

82
26
r-process path

rp-process

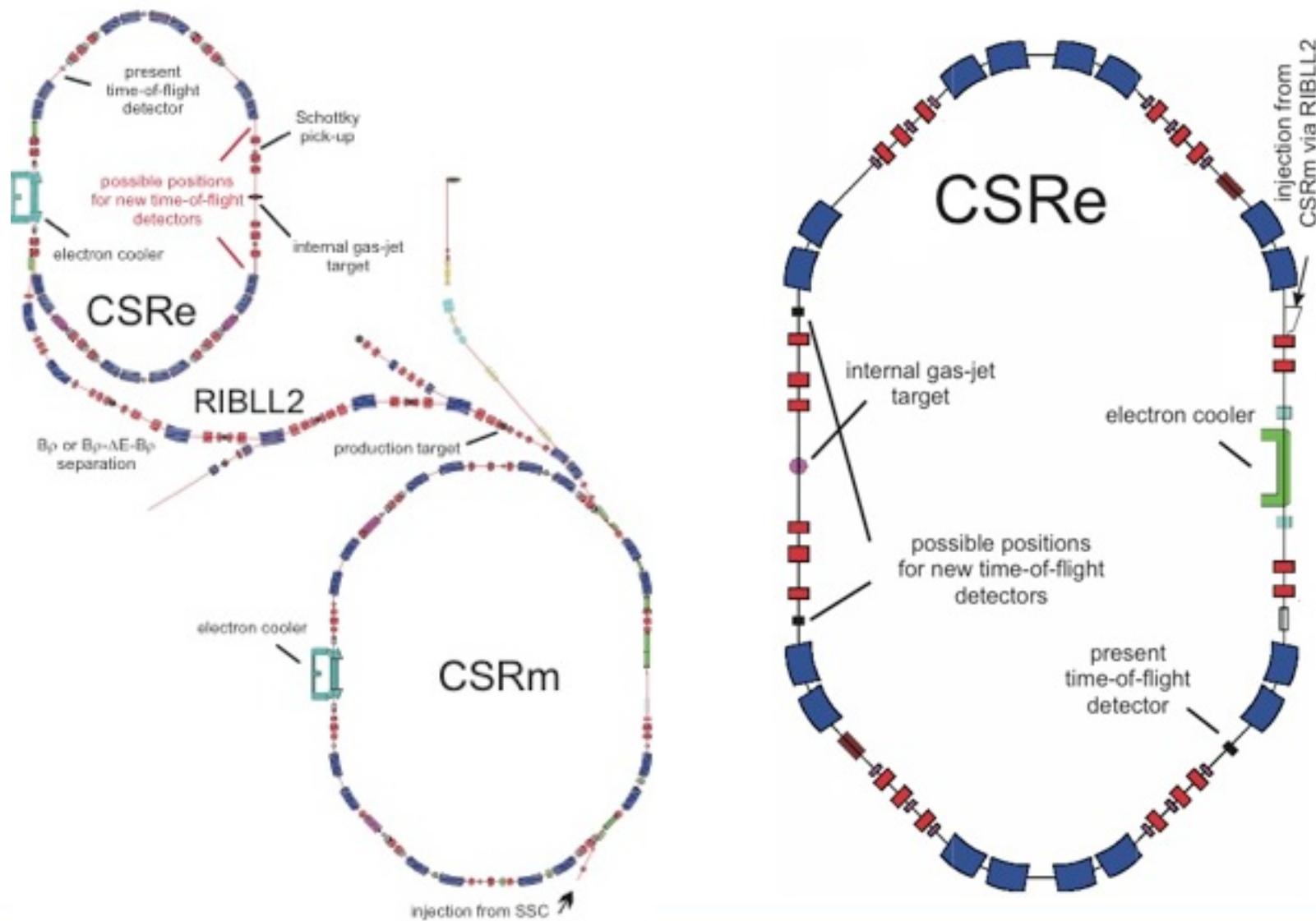
r-process

Mass surface covered with Isochronous Mass Spectrometry



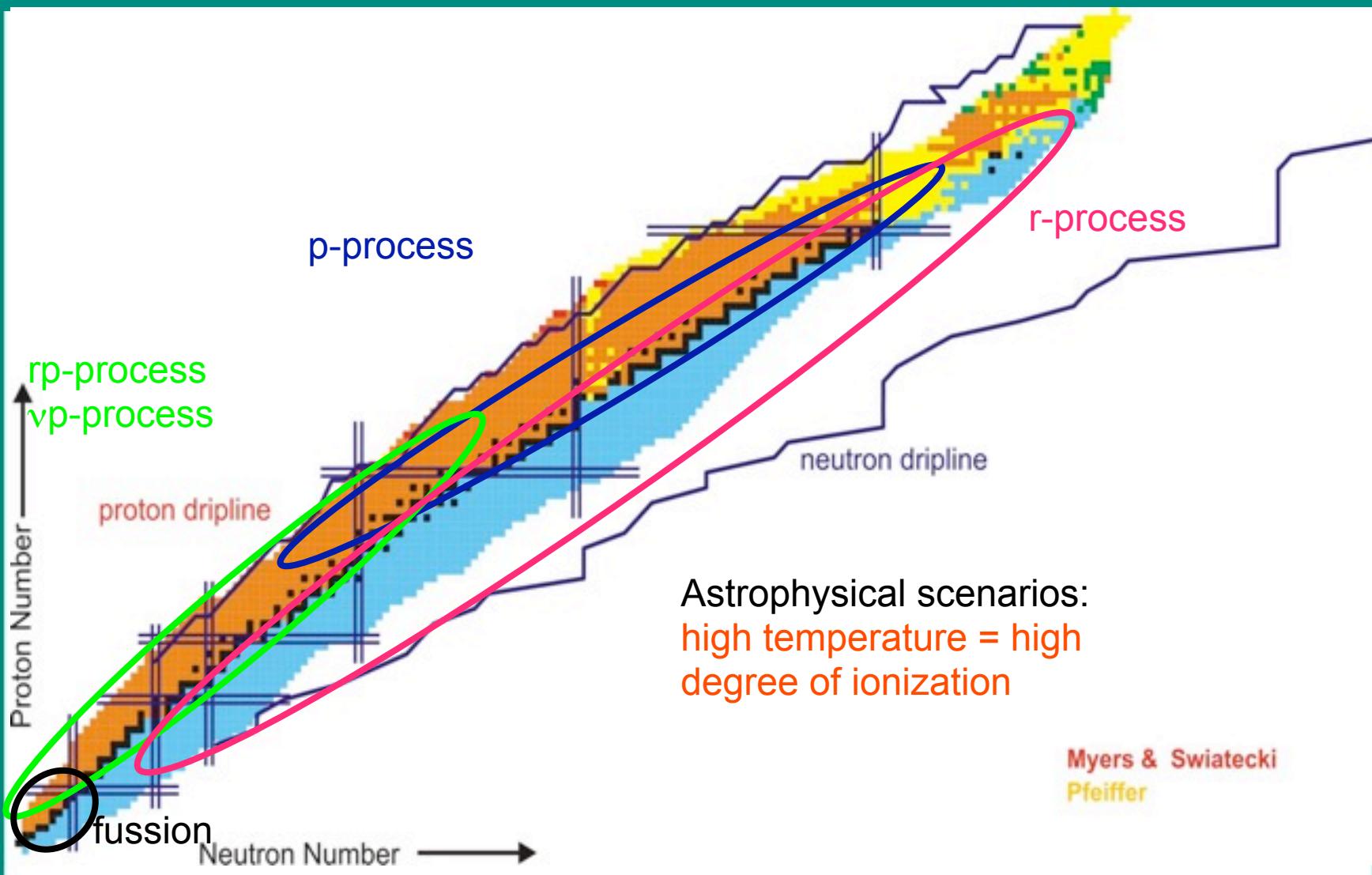


CSRm-CSRe Complex at IMP in Lanzhou



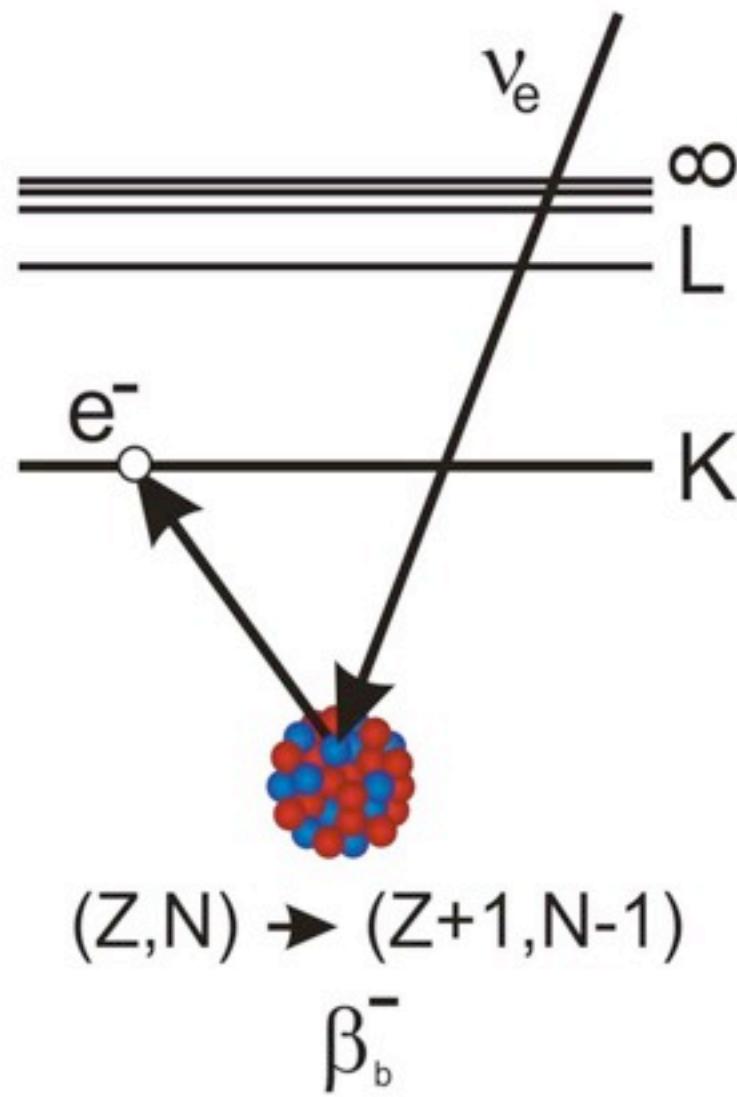
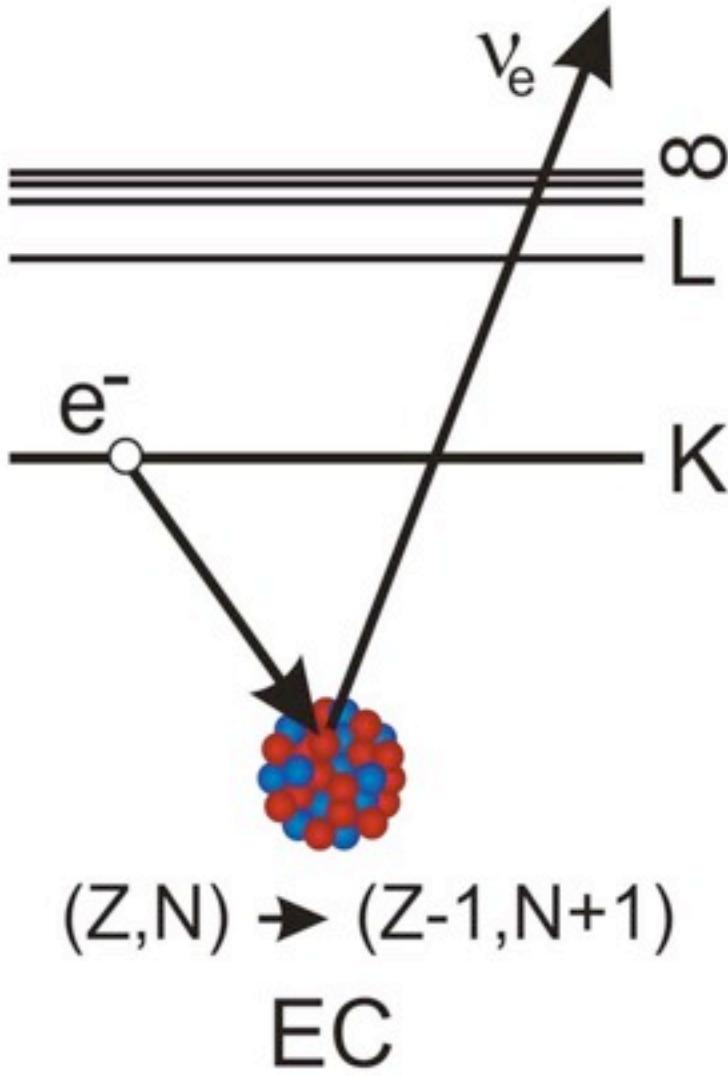


Beta-decay on the Chart of Nuclides



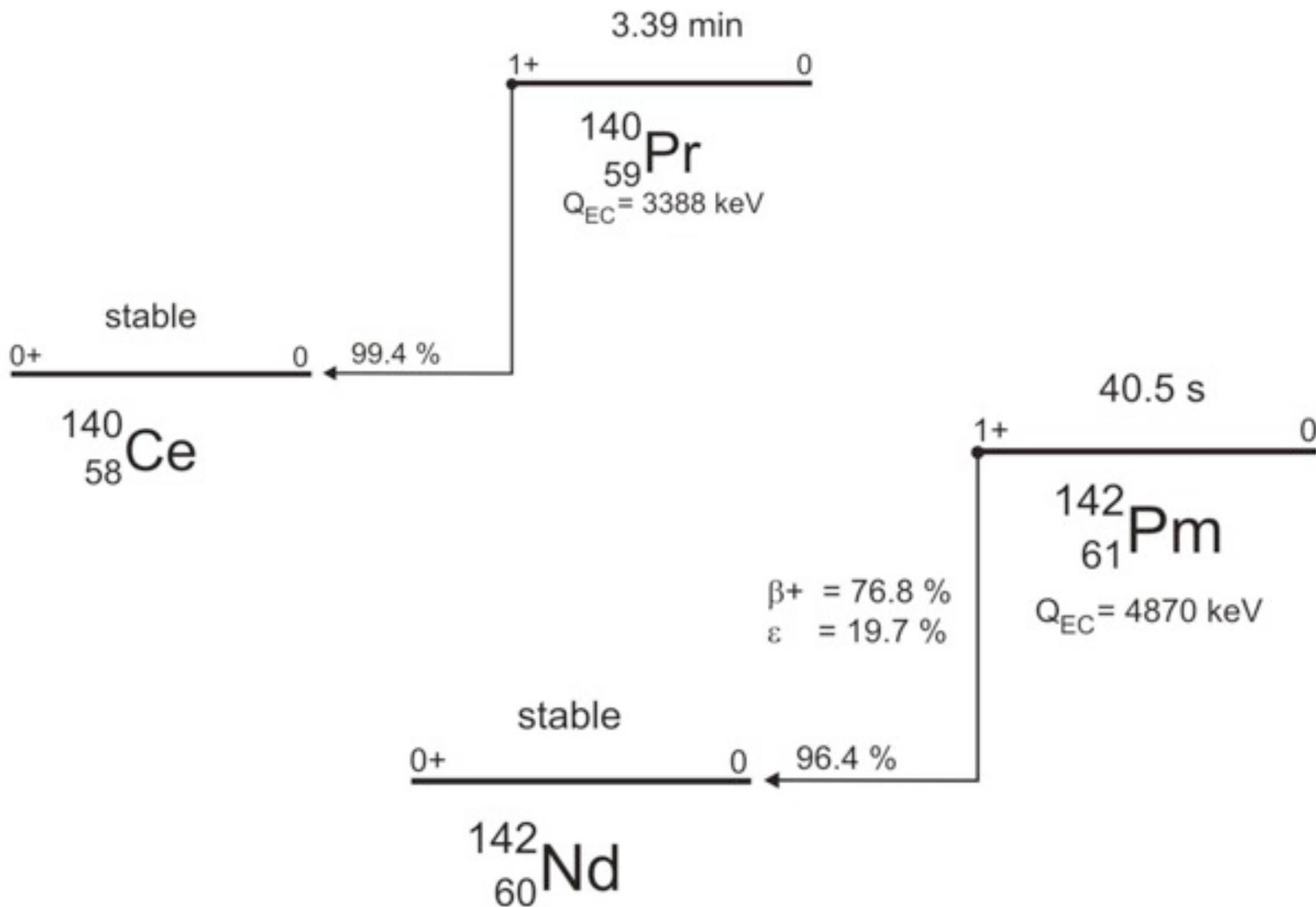


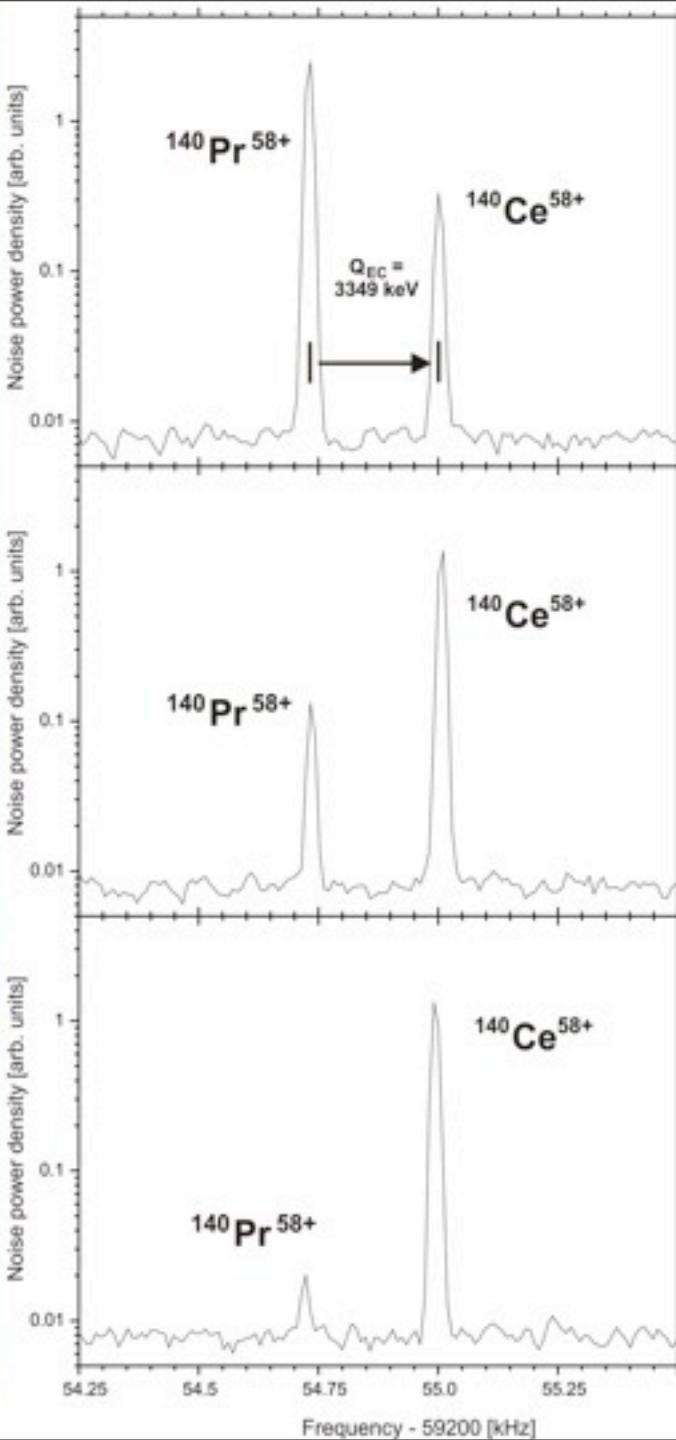
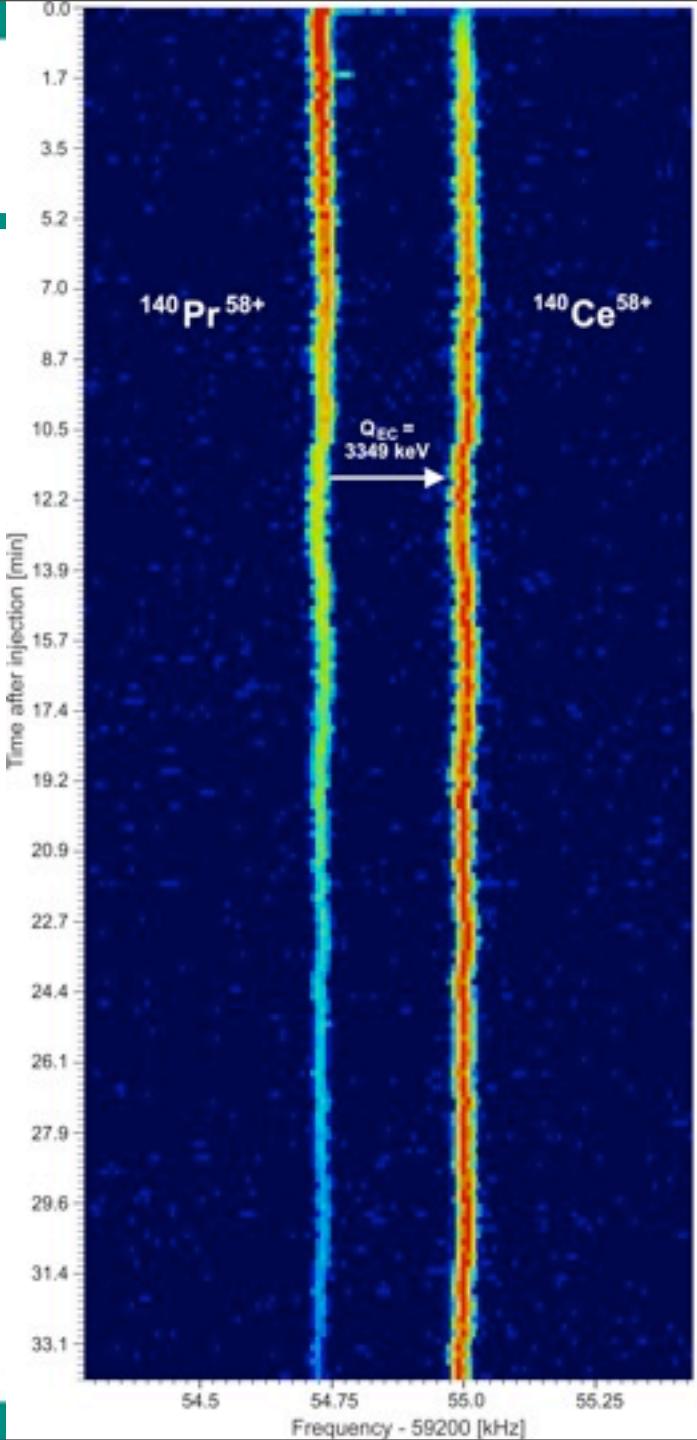
Two-body beta decay





Orbital Electron Capture in H-Like Ions







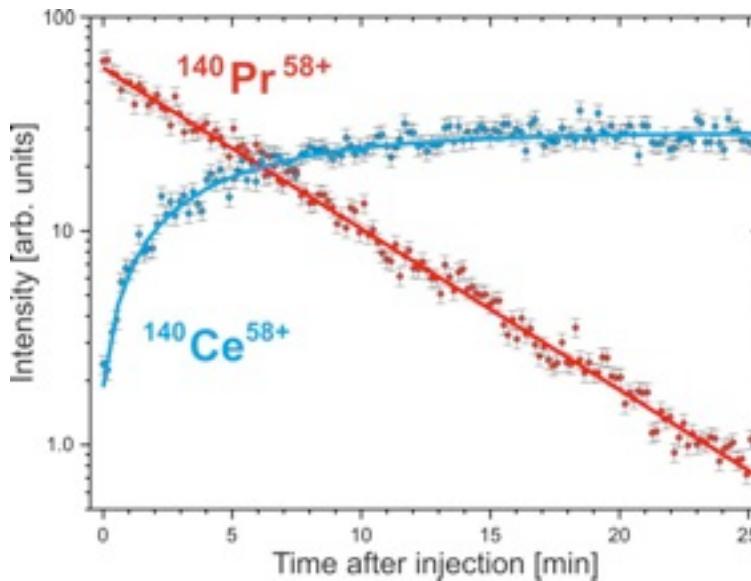
EC in Hydrogen-like Ions

Expectation:

$$\lambda_{\text{EC}}(\text{H-like})/\lambda_{\text{EC}}(\text{He-like}) \approx 0.5$$

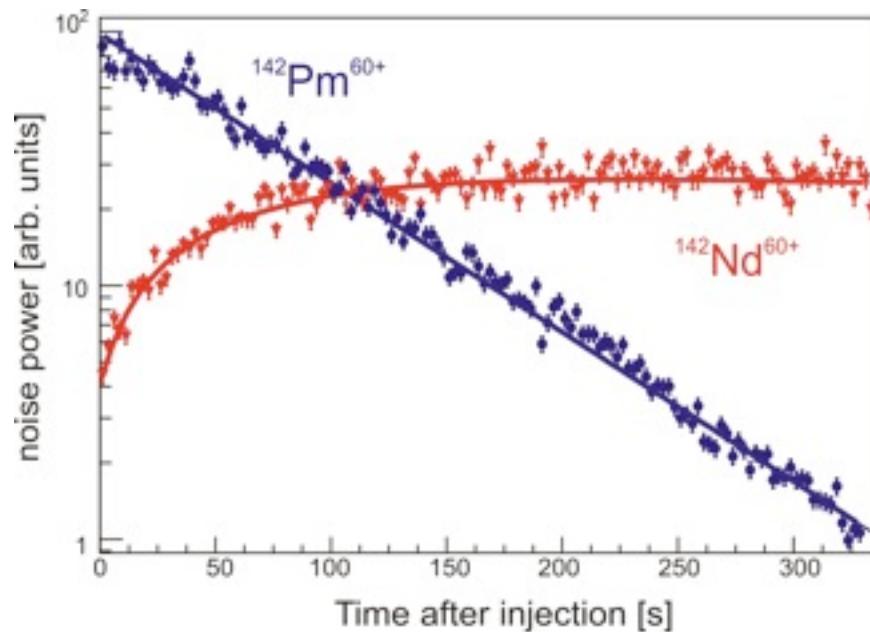
^{140}Pr

$$\lambda_{\text{EC}}(\text{H-like})/\lambda_{\text{EC}}(\text{He-like}) = 1.49(8)$$



^{142}Pm

$$\lambda_{\text{EC}}(\text{H-like})/\lambda_{\text{EC}}(\text{He-like}) = 1.44(6)$$



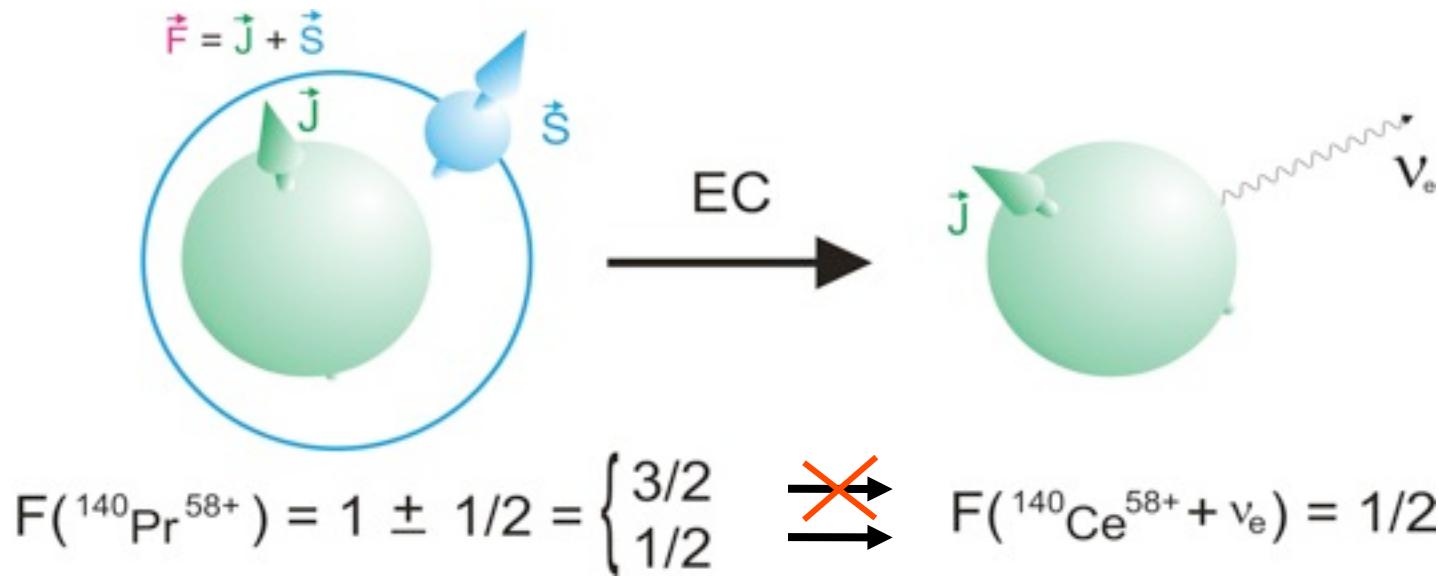
Yu.Litvinov et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 99 (2007) 262501

N. Winckler et al., Phys. Lett. B579 (2009) 36



Electron Capture in Hydrogen-like Ions

Gamow-Teller transition $1^+ \rightarrow 0^+$



Theory:

The H-Like ion should really decay
20% faster than neutral atom!

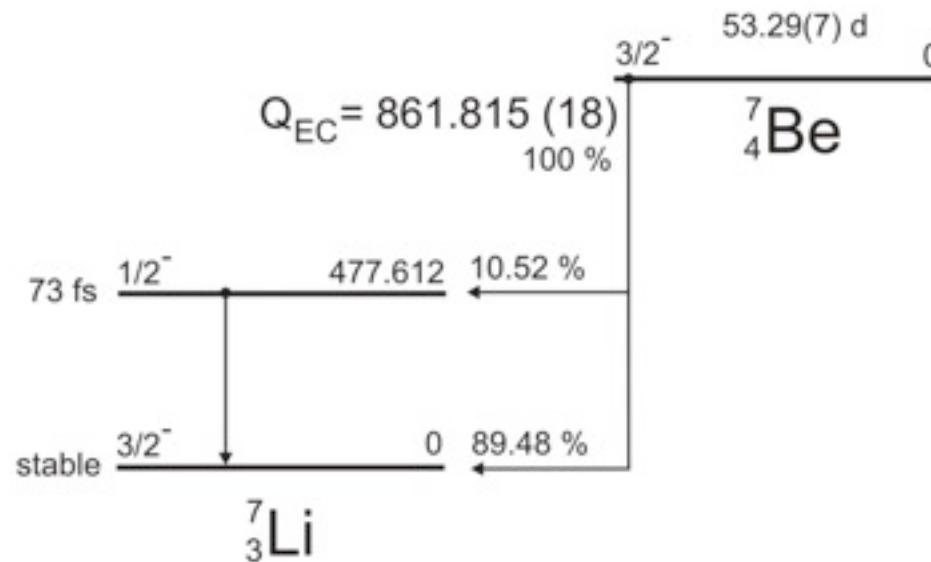
$$(2I+1)/(2F+1)$$

Z. Patyk et al., Phys. Rev. C 77 (2008) 014306

Some speculations on the EC-decay of ${}^7\text{Be}$

A.V. Gruzinov, J.N. Bahcall, *Astroph. J.* 490 (1997) 437

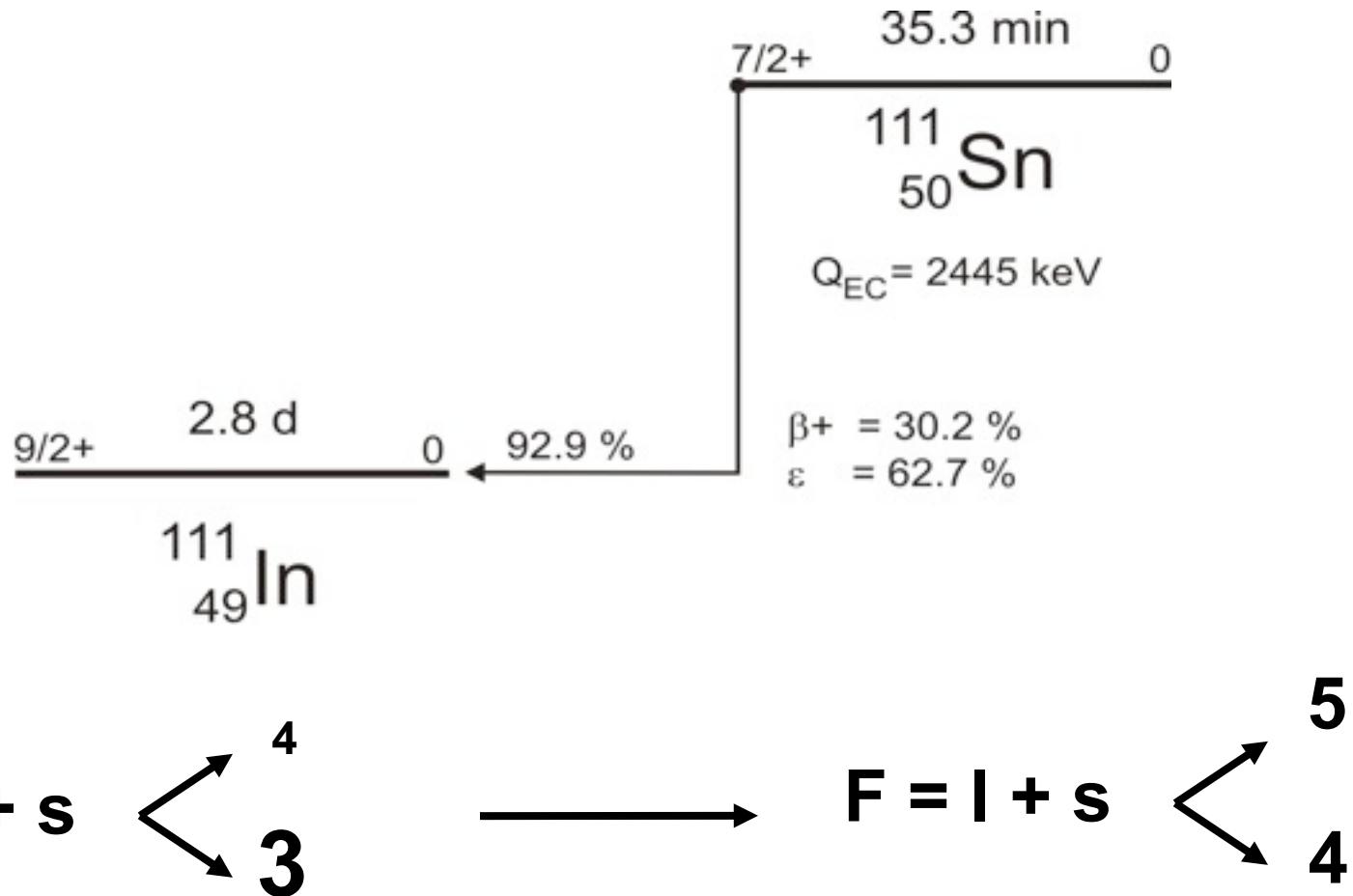
Ionization of ${}^7\text{Be}$ in the Sun can be $\sim 20\text{-}30\%$



Transition ($F=1 \rightarrow F=1$) is accelerated by $(2I+1)/(2F_1+1)$ i.e. by $8/3$

However, there are only $(2F_1+1)/((2F_1+1)+(2F_2+1)) = 3/8$ of ${}^7\text{Be}$ in this state

Electron Capture in Hydrogen-like Ions



Possibility to address the electron screening in
beta decay under very clean conditions !



Conclusion

- 1. Broad band mass measurements**
- 2. Beta decay of highly-charged ions**
3. Nuclear magnetic moments
4. Nuclear reactions on thin targets
5. Capture reactions at low energies $[(p,\gamma),(\alpha,\gamma)\dots]$
6. Experiments with isomeric beams
7. Experiments with polarized beams
8.



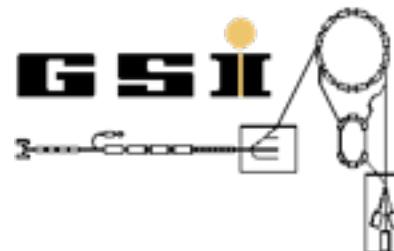
Experimental Collaboration

D. Atanasov, D. Balabanski, K. Blaum, F. Bosch, D. Boutin, C. Brandau, L. Chen, Ch. Dimopoulou, H. Essel, Th. Faestermann, H. Geissel, E. Haettner, M. Hausmann, S. Hess, V. Ivanova, P. Kienle, Ch. Kozhuharov, R. Knöbel, R. Krücken, J. Kurcewicz, S.A. Litvinov, Yu.A. Litvinov, X. Ma, L. Maier, M. Mazzocco, W. Meng, F. Montes, A. Musumarra, G. Münzenberg, C. Nociforo, F. Nolden, T. Ohtsubo, A. Ozawa, W.R. Plass, A. Prochazka, R. Reuschl, S. Sanjari, Ch. Scheidenberger, D. Shubina, U. Spillmann, M. Steck, Th. Stöhlker, B. Sun, T. Suzuki, S. Torilov, X. Tu, H. Weick, M. Winkler, N. Winckler, D. Winters, N. Winters, T. Yamaguchi, G. Zhang



中国科学院近代物理研究所

Institute of Modern Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences



Niigata University



筑波大学